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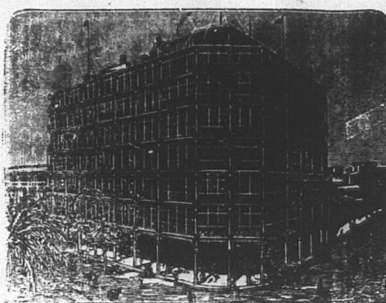
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and their families: delicious of en-
joying the cool air and sea bathing
during the summer months.

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Formerly the favourite Residence of H.H. the late Khedive. Perfect Sanitation.—Purest Desert air. Electric Light. Hot and cold baths attached to most rooms. House warmed by special system of Radiators, adjoining the Golf Links and Race Course, Tennis, Billiards, Garden and open air palm house, good stabling, dark room. Excellent Table. Moderate charges. Medical Resident Director: ANTHONY J. M. BENTLEY, M.D.—Town Office at Stephenson & Co., Opera Square, Cairo.

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MODERATE CHARGES.

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This Hotel is beautifully fitted up and is in the most central part of Cairo. Terms for pensioners are at the rate of ten shillings a day. Special terms for officers of Army of Occupation.

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Unrivalled situation. Splendid view over the Nile Valley. Entirely renovated. Moderate charges. Omnibus and Porter meet all trains and steamers. Special terms for Government Officials, and Officers of Army of Occupation. Telegraphic Address: "SAVOY, LUXOR."

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Banca Generala Romana of Bukarest, with branches at Braila, Craiova and Agencies at Constantza, Ploesti, Giurgiu.

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donne une blancheur de perle, et communique
la vitalité aux tissus, l'élasticité aux muscles, et
une fraîcheur délicieuse par toute la peau. Ses
vertus uniques dérivent d'une minéralisation naturelle,
ainsi on peut bien l'appeler

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et la peau n'a besoin que de cette crème pour s'assu-
rer la vitalité nécessaire pour résister aux rayons
du soleil, à la chaleur, au froid et aux effets des
eaux saumâtres, pour empêcher et guérir les
irritations et les vices du sang surechauffé, et pour
arriver vite dans les pays chauds.

L'emploi de cette crème éloigne beaucoup
les insectes et les moustiques et soulage immédiatement
de leurs piqûres.

Dépôt pour l'Egypte: J. Macgregor, Pharmacien
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BOVRIL

The flavour, essence, nutriment
and all that's good in prime
ox-beef, is concentrated in
BOVRIL.

A little Bovril added to soups
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more appetising and nutritious.

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RAMLEH'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL.

Full Pension P.T. 50 a day with Monthly Terms

Visitors from Cairo alight at Sidi Gaber.

Reclame Lunch, P.T. 16. — Dinner, P.T. 20.

Proprietor, C. AQUILINA, (Late of The Cook & Sea)

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TURKEY PERSIA
T. A. SPARTALI & Co.

Largest manufacturers in the world of
Oriental carpets, all hand made.

Pure vegetable dyes.

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The Egyptian Gazette

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the Agricultural Bank

The Egyptian Gazette

THE ENGLISH DAILY NEWSPAPER.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

Editor and Manager — R. SNELLING.

Price: ONE PIASTRE, TARIFF.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1907.

THE SUB-TARGET MACHINE.

Ever since the South African War the
minds of the intelligent world have been im-
pressed by the necessity of rifle shooting be-
coming part of our national training. Lord
Roberts' views on the subject are too well
known to be repeated; it is mainly owing to
him that a training in the use of the rifle is
now an important branch in every public
school curriculum. In fact there is every hope
in the future that shooting competitions may
hold as high a place in the public favour as
these great national games which attract the
attention of the world at large and fill our
papers with the prowess of our "muddled old
and flannelled fools" and their compeers. Rifle
clubs are now to be found in most towns and
villages of any size, but the chief reason
against their becoming popular heretofore
has been the cost of making the galleries and
the price of the ammunition. The instruction,
too, has been difficult to reduce to an exact
science, and defective eyesight and faults of
sighting have been found hard to counteract.

The minds of many clever men have been at
work to devise some means whereby to solve
these difficulties; and an American machine
is now on the market which has been
adopted with great success by the American

P&O WEEKLY P&O MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES EGYPT

BRINDISI, MARSEILLES & LONDON.
(Special connecting Train Services between Brindisi
and London, and between Marseilles and London.)

PORT SAID TO LONDON via BRINDISI in 4½ Days

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PORT SAID TO LONDON via SEA 12 Days

Passengers can embark on Sunday evening in the
Brindisi steamer, which is timed to leave Port Said on
Monday morning immediately after arrival of the Home-
ward Indian Mail.

The Marseilles-London Steamers sail after the arrival
of the 11 a.m. train from Cairo on Mondays.

25 per Cent. Abatement off Homeward Sea Fare to
Passengers making Return Journey within 12 months.

To ADEN	Weekly on Wednesday	From SUZ.
To BOMBAY	From SUZ.	From SUZ.
To CALCUTTA	From SUZ.	From SUZ.
To Ceylon	From SUZ.	From SUZ.
To STRAITS	From SUZ.	From SUZ.
To CHINA	Fortnightly on Wednesday	From SUZ.
To JAPAN	From SUZ.	From SUZ.
To AUSTRALIA	From SUZ.	From SUZ.

Particulars of additional departures by intermediate
steamers, at reduced fares, to Malta, Calcutta, Straits,
China, Japan and London, may be had on application.

Berths may be secured and all information obtained from
THOS. COOK & SON (EGYPT), LTD., CAIRO.
G. ROYLE, ALEXANDRIA.
HASELDEN & CO., PORT SAID.
or from the Company's Superintendent in Egypt,
F. G. DAVIDSON, Suez.

Army and Navy, and is now in high favour
among our own English sailors and soldiers.
So well do our American cousins think of this
machine that the following special order has
been issued within the last few months to the
Navy Department relating to it: "Gallery
practice will be discontinued on board ships
in commission on the receipt on board of the
sub-target rifle machine now being supplied.
Practice with the sub-target rifle machine
will be held in lieu of the gallery practice
prescribed in 'The Landing Force and Small
Arms Instructions, 1905,' and the qualification
entry 'B' on enlistment for the records will
depend on the score made with the sub-target
rifle machine, precisely as if the firing were
done at gallery practice. It is not intended
to restrict the practice at the sub-target rifle
machine to that necessary to qualify for the
entry 'B' on enlistment records, and as much
time as is consistent with the general duty of
the crews should be devoted to this practice, as
a means of promoting efficiency in the use
of small arms." Since the sub-target machine
has been shown in England within the last two
years it has been adopted by nearly all the
English regiments and by every one of the
public schools. The Navy also is making use
of it, and doubtless ere long it will be found in
every shooting gallery that can afford the initial
cost of £50.

Without embarking upon a technical and
detailed account of this machine, a few words
on its workings may prove of interest to the
general reader. Any rifle of any ordinary make
or size can be fitted to the apparatus which
attaches it to the machine and its weight and
direction still remain absolutely in the hands
of the user. Instead of a long and bullet-
proof gallery being necessary all that is re-
quired is a clear space of 20 yards at the end
of which objective targets are placed varying
in size to correspond to the distance they re-
present. No cartridges or ammunition are
necessary, thus doing away with a great source
of expense, though blank cartridges may be
used at times to accustom the novice to the
sound. By attaching the rifle to the apparatus,
where it can be used in any of the three posi-
tions, standing, sitting or prone, it is placed in
connection with a delicately adjusted pointer
alongside of it, which exactly follows the
motions of the rifle and transmits the effect of
the shot upon a small sub-target placed before
it. This pointer works in such exact unison
with the rifle that it is an easy matter to judge
from its movements the aim that has been
taken and the reasons of its failure or success.
By fixing the pointer straight on the bull of
the sub-target the rifle is also locked at the
same position on the objective target, and this
adjustment has been found very useful in cor-
recting cases of bad shooting following from
astigmatism or otherwise defective eyesight.
Another delicate adjustment can be used to
remedy the effect of windage, lateral adjust-
ment levers deflecting the apparatus from its
normal direction as required, and this addition
has been proved marvellously correct and
effective. The sub-target machine has won the
approval of the highest military authorities at
home; and has already been adopted with
great success at Malta and other foreign sta-
tions. Colonel Maxse, C.B., D.S.O., of the
Coldstream Guards, has written a full and
comprehensive account of it in the "National
Review" of last October; and there is every
expectation of its being taken into general use
by Indian and colonial troops in the near
future.

LANGUAGE BOOKS

Egypt, Arabia, Turkey and Greece

Marlborough's SELF-TAUGHT SERIES
OF EUROPEAN & ORIENTAL LANGUAGES

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Khedivial Club.
The Khedivial Club at Cairo has decided to move into Adly Pasha Yeghen's building at the Rond Point, Kasr-el-Nil.

Departure of Stosch.
The German training ship Stosch left Alexandria this morning for Naples. The training ship Charlotte is also expected here shortly.

Abbasieh Hospital.
The military hospital at Abbasieh is now complete, and the War Office has ordered some delegates to take over the building from the contractors.

Ramleh Markaz.
According to an arrêté of the Ministry of the Interior, Ramleh kiam is about to be transformed into a markaz, which will remain under the administration of the Governorat of Alexandria.

Sale of Work.
We would remind our readers of the sale of work to be held in the Scotch High School, in the Misalla quarter, to-morrow, at 3 p.m. Mrs. Lang Anderson has kindly consented to open the sale.

Carillon Church.
The services at the Garrison Church of St. George, Mustapha Pasha, will be as usual on Sunday, viz., Holy Communion 7.30; parade service, with band and organ, at 11; evensong and sermon, 6.30.

The Brindisi Mail.
The mail for Europe, via Port Said and Brindisi, will close at the G. P. O., Alexandria, at 3.10 p.m. on Sunday. Letters intended to reach England by Christmas should be forwarded by this mail.

Drowning Accident.
A British subject, Mr. Edouard Hediel by name, who was engaged in superintending repair works on Ghizeh Bridge, fell into the Nile on Wednesday afternoon, and was drowned. The corpse was afterwards recovered, and taken to the German Hospital.

Thefts at a Ministry.
A number of articles, such as ledgers and office furniture, have disappeared from the Ministry of Finance, Cairo, where a large number of workmen are engaged in carrying out repairs. Eleven of these have been arrested, and were yesterday examined by the magistral of the quarter.

Murder near Ibrahimieh.
A native workman was found dead in a new building near Ibrahimieh, on Wednesday. The post-mortem examination held on the body showed that death was the result of a heavy blow causing a fracture of the skull. Seven native workmen, suspected of this murder, have been arrested.

Anathema.
The Bible Society's agent at Bagdad reports that in the last consignment of English Bibles which he received there, all the maps had been torn out which referred in any way to Armenia. The dragoman of the British Consulate at Bagdad explained that the name of Armenia on a map is forbidden in Turkey.

An Attempted Suicide.
An official of the Khedive's Daira Khassa, Ibrahim Effendi Nguib, tried to commit suicide last Wednesday. He declares he was induced to try to make away with himself owing to lack of money and the persecution he endured at the hands of his fellow-employees. He cut open the veins of his arm with a razor and lost a quantity of blood before the doctor arrived.

A Chapter of Accidents.
A native workman fell from a building in course of construction at Bulkeley yesterday, and was killed on the spot. Another native workman fell from a building in rue d'Allemagne, and sustained concussion of the brain from which he died shortly after his arrival at the Government Hospital. A native was run over by a train near Hadra prison, and had his right leg and left foot amputated. He was taken to hospital in a precarious condition.

North German Lloyd.
The express mail steamer Hohenzollern (7,000 tons) Captain A. Gerdes, which arrives in our port on Monday morning next, 17th inst., will leave again on Tuesday, 18th inst., at 3 p.m. for Naples and Genoa (arriving on Sunday, 23rd inst.) instead of Marseilles. The next departure will take place by the S.S. Schleswig, on Wednesday, 2nd January, at 3 p.m., for Naples and Marseilles, and the weekly service between Alexandria and these two ports will be maintained during the first half of 1907. For particulars apply to the agents, Messrs. Wm. H. Müller & Co., 16 Seostis street.

A Child Hostage.
A curious act of regnery was committed in Cairo the other day. An elegantly clad Effendi entered a bootmaker's shop in the Abdeen quarter accompanied by a girl of four years of age. He selected three pairs of boots, but pretending that he did not know whether his parents would approve of his choice, he said he would first show them the goods. He accordingly went away, leaving the child behind. Needless to say, he has not since returned to the establishment. The innocent hostage was afterwards restored to a distracted father at the caracol, whither the duped bootmaker had taken the child.

The Evidence.
We must go by the evidence. Those who would be inclined to doubt cannot deny the remarkable results obtained every day; such results as are obtained by the Berlitz Schools—Cairo, 1 Sharia Kamel; Alexandria, 12, rue Royale. The practical excellence of the Berlitz method is irrefutably proved by the numerous testimonials from the highest personages in Egypt, native and European. [Adv]

EGYPTIAN CAPITULATIONS.

QUESTION IN PARLIAMENT.

In the House of Commons recently, Mr. J. M. Robertson said: I beg to ask the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether further action has been taken by the Egyptian Government in sequence to the circular which, as Lord Cromer states in his Annual Report for 1905, page 2, was addressed to the Powers suggesting, in anticipation of a renewal in February, 1905, of the functions of the Mixed Tribunals in Egypt, certain reforms in the working of the Egyptian capitulations; and whether he will lay upon the table of the House copies of the replies received to that circular, and other information showing the present state of the negotiations.

Sir Edward Grey: The circular, to which the hon. member alludes, invited the Powers to take part in an International Commission to consider the question of making certain changes in the law and procedure of the Mixed Courts. The assent of all the Powers having been obtained, the Commission commenced their deliberations, with the result that in March last, five draft laws applicable to foreigners, which had been drawn up by the Commission, were submitted to His Majesty's Government for their approval. His Majesty's Government notified their approval to the Government of Egypt in April, but I have not yet been informed whether the approval of all the other Powers has been obtained. The only correspondence of which His Majesty's Government have cognisance, is that between them and the Government of Egypt, the purport of which I have already notified above. The replies of the other Powers will doubtless be dealt with in Lord Cromer's Annual Report, which will in due course be laid before the House; the matter does not appear to His Majesty's Government to be of sufficient urgency to warrant the immediate publication of separate papers.

NEW FRENCH MINISTER.

A Havas telegram from Marseilles states that M. Klobukowski, the new French Diplomatic Agent and Consul General in Cairo, embarked at that port for Alexandria yesterday. He may therefore be expected to arrive here on Tuesday next.

THE BUDGET.

A committee, composed of Moh. Soleiman Pasha, Ali Sharawi Said Pasha, and other members of the Legislative Council are now studying the 1907 Budget. They will give their views on the same to the Council on Tuesday next.

AN EGYPTIAN BANK.

A group of native capitalists, have decided to found a bank at Cairo with a capital of £600,000 in 150,000 shares of £4 each. Of these 50,000 will be allotted to the public. It is to be called the "Banque du Caire."

BANK OF ATHENS.

A telegram from Athens states that the board of administration of the Bank of Athens has appointed M. Jordanopoulos, who with M. Z. Maltas occupied the post of manager at Athens, as chairman.

An extraordinary general meeting of shareholders will be held on January 12 next for the election of a general manager.

CORPORATION OF WESTERN EGYPT, LTD.

Information has been received by the last mail from England that the second ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation is to be held in London on December 15. The report of the directors and the balance-sheet to September 30 has been published, and copies will shortly be available for distribution to shareholders in Egypt.

ST. MARK'S BUILDINGS.

Mr. Geo. B. Alderson writes:—St. Mark's Company evidently treat my veiled threat with scorn. If any interested parties will communicate with me showing I have their moral support I will give my solicitor instructions.

P.W.D. CONTRACTS.

The following contracts for canal clearing work in the undermentioned markazes of Menoufieh and Gharbiyah have been granted:—

MENOUFIEH:
Achmoun, Mohamed Ali Wanas (L.E. 4,916); Menouf, A. W. Murdoch (L.E. 3,831); Tala Kamel Makar (L.E. 5,330); Chebin, G. Yasek (L.E. 4,440); Kooesne, Farag Girgis et Michel Sad (L.E. 2,730).

GHARBIYEH:
Tantah, Amin Zohdi (L.E. 11,270); Kafr Zayat, Ibrahim Fargal (L.E. 5,580); Zifta, Nacoeche et Housay (L.E. 5,511); Sante, Mohamed Moussa, (L.E. 4,696); Kafr El Cheikh, Girgis Hanna (L.E. 6,827); De-souk, Abdel Azim Farghal and Co. (L.E. 16,942); Fone, M.M. Co-sena and Briotti (L.E. 6,380).

The above figures are approximative.

WESLEYAN SERVICE. German Hall, Shari-el-Manakh, Cairo (entrance opposite Eastern Exchange Co.'s office). Sunday, 6 p.m. Subject: "The Square City." [Adv]

GOLD FOR ABYSSINIA.

£20,000 LEAVING CAIRO.

We understand that £20,000 in gold will shortly be despatched to Abyssinia from Cairo for account of the Bank of Abyssinia.

This, we believe, will be the first time that a large quantity of gold coin has been imported into Abyssinia, where the Maria Theresa dollar has up to now been supreme.

It is hoped that Abyssinia may eventually adopt a gold standard. In fact, its adoption would seem to be necessary if the country is to make any but the slowest economic progress. If the gold standard is adopted, there is every reason to expect that the English sovereign will become the current standard coin of the country.

Application has been made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange to allow the following security to be quoted in the Official List: Bank of Abyssinia—Bearer Warrants for 100,000 Shares of £5 each £1 5s. paid, Nos. 1 to 100,000.

THE LAND BOOM.

Offers have been received for the land on which the house of the late M. Félix Suarez stands at Rond Point Suarez, Cairo, at L.E. 80 per square metre. This same plot changed hands somewhere about September last at L.E. 65 per square metre.

Land at Khartoum is going up in price by leaps and bounds just as much as it has been doing in Egypt proper. A good instance is the island between Omdurman and Khartoum Points. At the end of last year the rate ruling then was L.E. 15 per faddan. During the summer it advanced to L.E. 150 per faddan, and the last transaction reported quotes the price at L.E. 450.

BENI SOUEF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

The subscribers to the proposed industrial school at Beni Souef held a meeting on Wednesday under the presidency of the Mondir Major Hall, of the Ministry of the Interior, was present.

It was stated that L.E. 10,000 had already been subscribed, and 101 faddans had been presented for the same object. This land had been formed into a Wakf, the revenues of which would be assigned to the school. More funds being required, a subscription was opened on the spot. Thirty notables undertook to pay a sum of L.E. 900 for the first three years of the foundation of the school. It was decided to elect delegates under the presidency of the Mondir to submit the project to the Khedive.

THE BRAEMAR CASTLE.

The Braemar Castle (Captain Henderson), which arrived at Alexandria yesterday from Southampton, Gibraltar and Malta, disembarked detachments of the 6th Inniskilling Dragoons and details of the K.O.S.B.'s for Cairo, besides some of the 60th Rifles for Khartoum and two officers of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers for Alexandria, Lieutenants Wilson and De la Poer Beresford.

The Braemar Castle sailed to-day with the Lancashire Fusiliers for Malta. She had a good passage out from England, and there was very little sickness among the troops on board.

CAIRO PHARMACY BURGLED.

Another burglary was perpetrated in Cairo on Wednesday night, when Norton's well-known pharmacy in Kasr-el-Nil was broken into and the till rifled. The doors were locked and the shutters fastened as usual at about 11 o'clock that evening, and it was not until the employees arrived on the scene at 7 next morning that anything was found to be wrong. No untoward sounds had been heard during the night by the inmates of the rooms over the shop, and so far there has been no clue to the identification of the culprits. The till had been pried open and its contents carried off, but nothing else in the shop had been touched.

TAR-DRESSING CAIRO STREETS.

A home contemporary remarks:—The Cairo Tazim service is top dressing the streets with tar. This is a great improvement, in view of the many motor cars, so far as laying the dust, and would be more effectual were the roads better constructed. However, the Government do not seem inclined to lay out much money in road construction, as they have apparently set their hearts on carrying out a huge system of town drainage. This scheme, seeing that for 2,000 years at least Cairo has not possessed any drainage system, is not likely to come into being for the next few years. Meanwhile, the good old sun continues to act efficiently as Nature's scavenger, and keeps the place sweet and clean.

WINDSOR HOTEL.

Facing the Sea on the New Quay of Alexandria.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Lately Built and Furnished.

TERMS P.T. 50 PER DAY.

Special terms to Government Officials.

SUDAN NEWS.

PROTECTION OF FORESTS.

The Sudan Government has issued a proclamation for the protection of forests which are called Government Protected Forests, and are situated in the Province of Sennar, on the banks of the Blue Nile.

Whoever (1) trespasses or pastures cattle to trespass; (2) causes any damage by negligence in felling trees of any description or dragging any timber; (3) strips off the bark or leaves from or otherwise damages any tree; (4) hunts, shoots, fishes, or sets traps or snares, shall be punished with a fine which may extend to L.E. 10, or when the damage resulting from the offence amounts to more than L.E. 10, to double the amount of such damage.

If fire is put in those forests the fine may be L.E. 20 and the imprisonment six months.

SUDAN HARBOURS AND LIGHTS.

The Sudan Government has issued an Ordinance for Harbours and Lights in the Sudan ports. The Board will be composed of: the Director of Steamers and Boats, the Governor of the Red Sea Province, the Controller of Harbours and Lights, and such other person or persons, if any, as the Governor General may from time to time appoint.

The following shall be harbours for the purposes of this Ordinance: Port Sudan, Suakin, and any other port or place which may be proclaimed in future; and the Harbour Master or Acting Harbour Master shall have the full power in any harbour in which he may be present, and his orders must invariably be obeyed. Should any person fail to obey he shall be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or with a fine not exceeding L.E. 5.

OMDURMAN LANDS AND BUILDINGS.

All land and building sites, whether occupied or not, within the town of Omdurman are the property of the Sudan Government, and have ever since the reconquest of the country been so considered. Sir Reginald Wingate Pasha, Governor General, has been willing to make certain grants and give certain benefits to the old inhabitants of Omdurman and the present occupiers. For that purpose he has ordered a commission to consider the above question and do all that is best for the welfare of the inhabitants.

APPOINTMENTS.

Messrs. A. M. Asquith, T. A. Leach, C. A. Ball, K. Cornwallis, J. B. Hetherington, C. C. Scott-Moncrieff, J. D. Craig, and R. B. Sandford have been appointed deputy inspectors in the Sudan Government.

Mr. Jeffrey, G.E., has been appointed Deputy Assistant Director, Agriculture and Lands Department, Sudan Government.

Mr. A. G. Bisset has been appointed deputy inspector of the Woods and Forests Department.

Mr. H. A. Pollock Hodsall has been appointed deputy inspector, Agricultural and Lands Department.

Mr. H. Wynne has been appointed superintendent of the Posts and Telegraphs Department.

Mr. H. E. Meade has been appointed assistant veterinary surgeon, Veterinary Department.

NATIONAL HOTEL AND RESIDENCES.

We mentioned in a recent issue that the above company is to form part of a new local Hotel Combine that will include also the Hotel-Casino of Ain Sofar, in the Lebanon, which is likewise the property of the same company. The latter property was purchased last year for £16,000 and consists of some 80,000 pias of land beside the hotel-casino. For the land alone an offer of purchase from a group in Egypt at ten shillings per pie has just been made to the directors, and this represents £40,000 for the total area. The hotel at Ain Sofar contains one hundred rooms and a handsomely appointed casino, similar to those at Vichy and Dieppe, which are much frequented during the season by the large number of visitors that spend the summer months in the delightful climate of the Lebanon.

The National Hotel, which is situated in one of the finest and most fashionable quarters of Cairo, cost £150,000 for site and buildings, but the property at present values is worth quite double this sum. The hotel and adjoining residences contain 200 rooms but when the new wing now under construction is completed there will be no less than 600 rooms. A new dining hall to accommodate 350 guests was added during the past summer and many other improvements were also carried out.

There are already a large number of visitors at the hotel, much greater than at the same period of last year, and the receipts for November last were P.T. 84,552, compared with P.T. 28, 273 during the corresponding month of last year. The shares of the company at their present quotation of L.E. 4½ are, we think, much below their intrinsic value and should prove a good investment at that price.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Florio-Rubattino S.S. Orione, which was due at Alexandria on Sunday next, has been detained at Naples owing to the general strike of ship's crews.

The Messageries Maritimes S.S. Portugal arrived at Marseilles from Alexandria yesterday morning.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

MUSTAPHA KAMEL'S MISSION.

"Al Watan" says: Many of us are genuinely perplexed on the subject of Mustapha Pasha Kamel's friend, Mohamed Bey Ferid. They demand the motive of his journey to London with his friend the Pasha in terribly cold weather, when all the English who can are literally flying to the Nile. Some say that Ferid Bey has become the Yawer (aide-de-camp) of the Pasha and must therefore attend him at all times and seasons; others that he has been delegated by the famous "society" to control the expenditure of its manager! Others again assert that Ferid Bey is somewhat sceptical as to the arrangement said to have been concluded between the Pasha and the British Parliamentarians to chase the red-coats and the British Agent from Egypt, and has gone—to see with his own eyes and hear with his own ears. Doubtless he will write his signature on the "agreement" between the owner of "Al Lewa" and the Irishman Dillon. Allah alone knows the seen and the unseen!

It is rumoured in Cairo that Mustapha Pasha Kamel has decided to go no further than Paris on his mission. We wonder if this decision is due to a fear not only of atmospheric but popular coldness!

THE DECORATIONS SCANDAL.

"Al Moayad" remarks: The question of distinctions and grades in Egypt is the same as in Russia, Spain, Italy, Turkey, and Persia. H.H. the Khedive confers certain grades and decorations "directly," while he confers others "indirectly" on a great number of functionaries, notables, omdahs, etc. Merit apart, it is impossible that some of these recipients of grades and distinctions should escape from the calumnies and slanders of persons who, rightly or wrongly, hold that they have been unjustly deprived of the honours that are their due. But the "Times" correspondent has probably never dreamt of enquiring of this class, to enlighten us as to who are the real vendors, buyers, and brokers of grades.

H.H. the Khedive may return to Constantinople all the distinctions of which he has the right to dispose to his countrymen, without shaking his legal position. But every diminution of his powers by the English only increases his influence with the nation, and it is certain that autonomy and occupation are irreconcilable.

To this "Al Watan" replies: We were the first to denounce the accusation against the Khedive... but we must admit that in the case of many distinctions their recipients cannot really be said to merit them. Consequently we should have wished to see our conferees in concert inviting the Government to take such measures as will prevent a recurrence of such mistakes.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

The committee of the proposed National University met yesterday afternoon at the High Schools Students Club, Cairo, under the presidency of Kassim Bey Amin. It was decided to deposit the funds collected for the scheme with the German Orient Bank, which would allow 6% interest on the money.

The committee will appeal to the notables of Egypt to show their generosity in subscribing for the scheme on Thursday next. Sub-committees for the provinces will be formed from among those who answer the appeal.

CANADA AND EGYPTIAN IRRIGATION.

M. Dupont in his latest circular draws an interesting comparison between the irrigation works of Egypt, by which (remarks the "Financier") vast tracts of land have been reclaimed, and the similar works now in progress in the Canadian North West, where mile upon mile of prairie is being turned into valuable agricultural land by the irrigation companies. Irrigation, as the French banker points out, has this great advantage, that it ensures regular crops. It supplements an insufficient or unevenly distributed rainfall and enables the farmer to increase or diminish the humidity of the soil at will, thus counteracting the caprices of the seasons. To a large extent the introduction of irrigation into Canada was due to the American farmers who crossed the border and who know of its advantages from practical experience.

THE STUDY OF ORIENTAL LANGUAGES.

The Departmental Committee which has been promised by the Prime Minister for the purpose of inquiring into the possibility of establishing a school in London for the teaching of Oriental languages will, the "Tribune" understands, be appointed without delay. Among those mentioned for appointment on the Committee are Prof. Charles Wells (Oriental translator at the Foreign Office), Sir Robert Douglas (Professor of Chinese at King's College), Mr. Byron Brennan, C.M.G. (late British Consul at Shanghai, and formerly student-interpreter in China), Sir J. H. Kennaway, M.P. (representing the missionary societies), and Mr. J. D. Rees, M.P., who has had a wide experience as an official translator, both in India and Russia.

EDEN PALACE HOTEL, CAIRO.

NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENT CUISINE. ELEGANT LIGHT, VENTILATION. Special terms for officers of the Army of Occupation and Governors of Provinces. 24-11-06

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

It is stated on good authority that Queen Ena's brother, Prince Leopold of Battenberg, who spent some time in Egypt last winter, will go to the Canary Islands this winter where he will stay for several months for the benefit of his health. King Alfonso, on his return from his recent visit to the Archipelago, brought back such good accounts of the wonderful climate of the Canaries that his Majesty recommended Princess Henry of Battenberg to send her son there. He will stay at Santa Cruz, on the south side of the island of Tenerife, where the weather conditions are absolutely ideal.

Sir Edward Elgar, who has been indisposed, has been advised to try a sea trip, and will leave England at the end of December with Lady Elgar on the Orient Pacific liner Orontes for Egypt.

Count Carlo Rasponi, Italian Deputy, left for Europe yesterday by the Italian steamer.

Capt. Owen, Sudan Agent and Director of Intelligence, accompanied by Naom Bey Shukair, yesterday visited Damietta prison, where he inspected the Dervish prisoners. He returned to Cairo in the evening.

Baron Purie and Baron Jean de Crawhey, two well known members of the Belgian Motor Car Club, have decided to traverse the Sahara in motors specially constructed for desert travel.

Mr. C. T. Holland, after having so successfully launched the United Egyptian Lands, Limited, is leaving Alexandria to-morrow by the Austrian Lloyd steamer for Trieste and London. He expects to return to Egypt towards the end of next month.

The Rev. F.B.N. Norman-Lee, Chaplain to the Forces, and Mrs. Norman-Lee, arrived yesterday by the transport Braemar Castle, and are staying at the Miramare Hotel.

M. Henry de Vries is leaving Port Said for London by the P. & O. S.S. Macedonia on Monday next.

Mr. Henderson has been appointed inspector of works attached to the General Inspectorate of Upper Egypt.

Among the latest arrivals at the Eastern Exchange Hotel, Port Said, are Mr. H. Urbach, Mr. A. Galenzi, Mr. E. Rosenberg, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss J. Saabrook, Mr. Jeromydy, Mr. D. Caudell, Mr. P. Faol, Mr. A. Aboulafia, Mr. T. Navem, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Anastasadi, Mr. Rosenfield, Mr. Schlesinger, Mr. Bregge, Mr. Williams, Mr. W. O. Joseph, Lieut. W. R. Meredith, Mrs. Walllett, Mrs. Van Watten Wed Duch, Mr. Palmer, Mr. W. Crowder, Mr. and Mrs. Littlewood, Mr. M. Previlla, Mr. E. Ferrari, Mr. R. J. Micklam, Mr. and Mrs. Lyndal, Mr. and Mrs. Lantie, Mr. A. B. Mophey, Mr. W. R. Best, Mr. G. Blaine, Mr. S. G. Smyth, Mr. H. Reuter.

COOK'S NILE SERVICE.

The following is a list of the dahabeahs engaged for the season 1906-1907 up to December 10th, with the dates of departure and names of the charterers. The numbers affixed to the boats in some cases refer to its number of trips:—

Znet el Nil, Mr. E. V. Bird, Nov. 1; Soarab (1), Prince Stirbey, Nov. 20; Onnas, Mr. L. L. Goffot, Dec. 3; Arabia (1), Mr. F. Rousel, Dec. 5; Thames, Mr. A. L. Goetz, Dec. 21; Soarab (2) Mrs. Elwood, Jan. 1; Mena, Dr. C. Hunter, Jan. 1; Nitocris (1), Baron Edmond de Rothschild, Jan. 6; Sudan, Mr. V. M. Bishop, Jan. 10; Nepthis, Mr. W. B. Leeds, Jan. 15; Strapias, Mrs. Rylands, Jan. 15; Arabia (2), Vicomte de Villeneuve de Bargemont, Jan. 17; G-zelle, Marquis de Polignac, Jan. 20; Nitocris (2), Mr. Van der Lip, Feb. 9; Arabia (3), Mr. L. A. Crezier, Feb. 12; Soarab (3), Mr. H. A. C. Taylor, Feb. 21.

BAND PERFORMANCE.

By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel E. A. Herbert, M.V.O., and officers, the band 6th Inniskilling Dragoons will perform the following programme at Shepherd's Hotel to-morrow afternoon.

1—March—Ben Boy—Jodocus.
2—Suite de Ballet—Coppelia—Delibes.
3—Waltz—Gold and Silver—Lehar.
4—Selection—Madame Butterfly—Puccini.
5—Pfeil Lied—(Come my love and dance with me)—[Strauss].
6—Incidental Music from Henry VIII.—Sullivan.
7—Selection—The Belle of Bohemia—Englander.
8—Mazurka—La Gipsy—Ganne.

Regimental March—Khedivial Anthem
God Save the King
E. Prosser, Bandmaster.

MILITARY TAILORS.
EGYPTIAN ARMY OUTFITS A SPECIALITY.
RIDING BREECHES.
F. Phillips & Co.
LADIES' TAILORS.
(HIGH CLASS WORK ONLY).
CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA.
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TELEGRAMS.

POPE AND FRANCE.

ITALIANS RESENT AFFRONT.

69 CHURCHES PROSECUTED.

PARIS, December 13.

The provincial clergy do not recognise the competence of the laymen and are leaving their residences and seminaries. They are prepared to conduct services to-day without giving the notice required by law. (Reuter)

Rome, December 13.

Monsignor Montagnini arrived and drove straight to the Vatican. The Papal organs vehemently resent the affront to the Pope's representative. The French Government, they say, is grossly mistaken if it thinks it can intimidate the clergy or break down dutiful legitimate resistance. (Reuter)

PARIS, December 13.

The usual masses were held this morning. The congregations were scanty. Proceedings were afterwards instituted against 69 churches. The Anglo-American Catholic Church and one other complied with the law. Yesterday's collective application was unauthorised. (Reuter)

PARIS, December 13.

Procès-verbaux have been drawn up against the curates of Paris and the departments who have refused to give notice. (Havas)

EDUCATION BILL.

AMENDMENTS REJECTED EN BLOC.

LONDON, December 13.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—The House decided to reject the Lords' amendments to the Education Bill en bloc by 416 votes to 107. (Reuter)

LONDON, December 13.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Mr. Birrell said that the Government was most anxious to save the Education Bill. He hoped the Lords would realise the necessity for doing so.

Mr. Balfour replied that if the Bill was lost the Government's procedure would be responsible for it.

Mr. Asquith said that if the solution of the question, embittered by strife, was not attained Mr. Balfour would be responsible for it. (Reuter)

THE REICHSTAG DISSOLVED.

ESTIMATES REJECTED.

BERLIN, December 13.

The Reichstag rejected by 178 votes to 168 the supplementary estimates of 30,000,000 marks, for the repression of the rebellion in South West Africa. Prince von Bulow immediately read an Imperial message dissolving the Reichstag. Before the vote was taken the Premier strongly appealed to the patriotism of the House. (Reuter)

BERLIN, December 13.

The Reichstag has been dissolved, on its refusal to vote the supplementary estimates for Africa. (Havas)

CONGO REFORMS.

U.S.A. TO CO-OPERATE.

LONDON, December 13.

Sir E. Grey stated that the United States had intimated her desire to co-operate in the realization of reforms in the Congo Free State. The announcement was most welcome. A further statement is unnecessary pending Belgium's decision. (Reuter)

ABYSSINIAN RAILWAYS.

AGREEMENT SIGNED.

LONDON, December 13.

The agreement regarding Abyssinian railways has been signed here, as well as the convention regulating the importation of arms from French, British, and Italian East Africa. (Reuter)

THE SHAH MUCH WORSE.

TEHRAN, December 13.

The Shah is much worse. He is visited by spells of unconsciousness. (Reuter)

SWISS FEDERAL COUNCIL.

BERNE, December 13.

Mr. Muller has been elected President of the Federal Council. (Havas)

MAPLE & Co., Ltd.

(LONDON & PARIS.)

UPHOLSTERS TO H.M. KING EDWARD VII

Bag to announce that their representative, Mr. Y. OLIVER, is now staying at the New Khedivial Hotel, Alexandria, where he will remain till December 24th, and where he will be pleased to make appointments and to give his advice on all matters concerning Furniture and Decoration.

Mr. OLIVER will be in Cairo at Shepherd's Hotel, from December 25th, till the end of January.

CORPORATION OF WESTERN EGYPT.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.

The only oasis, of the four included in the company's concession, where the work of development has begun, is Khargeh, and considering the difficulties of transport the work that has already been achieved is very creditable. The concession was signed on July 3rd, 1903. Two expeditions were despatched during the following autumn and the company was incorporated on July 29th, 1904. The actual work of development began in the spring of the following year and drilling commenced on March 3rd, 1905, at El Der, where a plentiful supply of water was found. Shortly after the commencement of drilling, water was struck at a depth of 25 feet, rising to within 15 feet of the surface. On continuing, several successive beds containing water were passed through, and at a depth of 382 feet 6 inches a true artesian flow was obtained, the bore discharging about 100 gallons per minute, 2 feet 6 inches above the general surface of the surrounding land. This water was of exceptionally good quality, the temperature being about 82½° F.

Since then the Corporation has made considerable progress in tapping this inexhaustible supply, and the following boring rigs were working last month. The figures show a good record of the progress of the wells up to the 13th ulto.

Well No.	Depth in ft.	Casing in ft.	Water in ft.
No. 12	155	143½	8"
No. 13	260	189	8"
No. 14	262½	199½	6"

Well No.	Depth in ft.	Casing in ft.	Water in ft.
No. 11	254½	199½	6"
No. 12	262½	199½	6"
No. 13	260	189	8"
No. 14	262½	199½	6"
No. 15	246	228	6"
No. 16	50		
No. 17	132		Casing
No. 18	104		not
No. 19	185		put in
No. 20	148		put in

• Stopped for want of men.
• Stopped temporarily.

Practical agriculture began with a plot of rice grown in the four months after the first drilling operations and in October Mr. Milne, the well-known agricultural specialist of Aberdeen University, was appointed Director of the Agricultural Department of the Oasis. He began with a plot at El Der and at the same time Mr. Beadnell, the Oases Manager, commenced at the Machina Estate, which is the present headquarters of the Corporation in the oasis. Wheat and barley were put in. When the sowing was finished at the end of last month over 150 feddans will be under cultivation. Water is so abundant that provided hands and rigs are forthcoming there is practically no limit to what can be done. The only two sites that have yet been touched are at Der and Machina; at the former 500 feddans and at the latter 5,000 feddans, are cultivable. The Corporation is entitled to take up lands at the rate of 20,000 feddans a year, and when the railway is finished, this can easily be done in the early years of the concession. The staple crops are rice, wheat, barley, and dates. There are small quantities of dhurra beladi, onions, and lucerne grown. It may safely be said that any crop grown in the Nile Valley can be also grown in Khargeh. The cotton plants are healthy, the fibre is good; and all the experiments prove that cotton will grow there. The Ashmouni variety was by far the best yield, and this will very probably be the staple type of cotton together with the Afifi, Tomatoes, melons and other vegetables grow well. The agricultural conditions at Dakhleh are more favourable than at Khargeh owing to that oasis being more populated and better cultivated than Khargeh, but the latter will be just as good when it has been developed and there is probably more land to be taken up there than in Dakhleh. Both oases will be developed together, for the railway will go on to Dakhleh. On the road thither it is difficult to tell where one oasis begins and the other ends as all the land is cultivable. Experiments are now being made in growing eucalyptus, sisal for rope fibre, and potatoes for winter export to London. Willows, acacias and sisabab are easily grown trees. The fruit supply in Khargeh and Dakhleh is capable of great development. Oranges flourish luxuriantly, while lemons, apricots, mulberries, bananas, figs, and olives grow in abundance. In Dakhleh the grapes and peaches are delicious. The dates are especially good, better than in the Nile Valley. Practically any fruit will grow well there. The only fruit to which careful attention has as yet been given is the date, which is the product par excellence of the Western Oases, and has been for centuries their staple export. Thousands of tons are carried every year by pack camels across the desert to the Nile Valley, where they are eagerly sought after owing to their sweetness being far more marked than the Egyptian date. When the railway is finished all this export trade will be taken over by the company. The carrying trade is now in the hands of Bedouin and a considerable portion of the trade is done by barter, the dates being exchanged for dhurra, etc. The company's packing centre is at Khargeh town. Here the dates are bought and selected and despatched thence to Cairo and London in special cases. A second quality is packed in fibre baskets and skins for native and European markets. The large quantities that are at present being sent off by caravan find a ready market. Mr. Bayley is controller of the Date Export Department and has a large staff of natives under him, who have been taught to pack the dates with the necessary cleanliness. Baharieh will

afford a better opportunity for developing the trade in date exports than either Khargeh or Dakhleh for that oasis is essentially the greatest date-producing centre in Egypt. In Dakhleh and Khargeh there are only seven and a-half and eight palm trees per inhabitant, but in Baharieh there are about fifteen trees per inhabitant. In Baharieh and Farafra the taxation is based on the land cultivated and not, as in the two southern oases, on the water and dates, which are taxed fifteen millions yearly. The number of trees in Baharieh at the 1897 assessment was: apricots, 4,863, olives, 5,370 and palms 93,000, and three-fourths of the whole date production is exported. The dates are excellent and the villages of that oasis are crowded with camels and traders from the Nile Valley each November. A camel load of dates, packed in two plaited grass bags, is bought in the oasis for 500 millimes, and is sold in the Nile Valley for four times that sum, so that the Bedouins, to whom the trading is almost wholly confined, even allowing for difficulties of transport, make a good profit. As yet that oasis has not been touched by the Corporation, but its agricultural prospects are excellent, and although dates are the only fruit exported, olives, apricots, pomegranates, oranges, lemons and figs are grown in great number.

Of the four important manurial ingredients required by crops there are supplies of phosphates, lime, and nitrate shales. Potash, the least important of the four, which does not appear to have the importance in Egypt that it has elsewhere, has not yet been found in Khargeh.

As a rule the surface of the land is fairly level and well adapted for irrigation purposes. There are no heavy stones or other objectionable matter to be removed from the surface of the soil. There is little probability of being bothered by obnoxious salts. Not much drainage is required and what is necessary should not offer any difficulties. As to the water supply, which we have already dealt with in another article, it will suffice to say here that the underground artesian supply being practically inexhaustible the output at the surface may be almost indefinitely augmented, provided the wells are sunk in suitable localities and kept sufficiently far apart to avoid any appreciable reduction of the hydrostatic pressure.

With such facilities for irrigation and a soil specially suited for agriculture—for loam is the basis of a good soil and an alluvial lake deposit of loam is always there—it will be acknowledged that the oases of Khargeh and Dakhleh contain all the ingredients of an agricultural paradise.

N.B.—In the 8th line of the 3rd paragraph in our article of Wednesday, the total length of the railway line should have been given as 120 miles, not kilometres (195 kilometres). Secondly, 16 lines from the end of the article it is said that "the gradient will be 1 in 25." This is an error. The very steepest place is at Kilometer 150 (the descent into the oasis) where the slope is 1 in 40.

VISITORS' LIST.

CATARACT HOTEL, ASSOUAN.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Pembroke, Mrs. Alison Low, Mr. Stuart Mackenzie Low, Sir Stephen Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. Weigall, Dr. Leigh Canney, Mr. Urquhart, Mr. G. R. Cheetham, Dr. Naylor, Mrs. J. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Wilfrid Brand, Miss V. Brand, Mrs. Lyons, Capt. Lyons, England; Mr. A. de Komar, Russia; Mr. G. Fischer, Austria; Mme. Meletopoulos, Greece; Baron H. von Stumm, Dr. A. M. Caffera, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Geibel, Mr. Julius Finsch, Germany; Fraulein G. Pfanschmidt, Schwester Marianne, Germany; Mr. E. Mavridis, Greece; Mrs. Donegan and child, Cairo; Mrs. Twomey, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Morcom, Prof. Dr. Henry Goudy, England; Mrs. M. G. Keel, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Bacon, U.S.A.; M. C. Baumann, Germany; Miss Cora Steeds, Miss Edith Latham, Miss Manning, Miss A. Manning, Miss D. Manning, Miss C. M. Sullivan, Miss Pelling, England; Mr. H. Lefevre, Mr. G. Galopin, France; Mr. H. S. Collins, Mrs. Isabella Henry, Dr. H. R. Coall, England; Mr. and Mrs. Justice Brown, U.S.A.; Lord Villiers, Capt. C. P. B. Wood, England; Mr. Ph. H. Tuck, Miss Tuck, Miss Sloan, the Misses Jenkins, U.S.A.; Prince Philippe de Caraman Chimay, Belgium; Major H. M. Prie, Mr. Cecil Crawley, Miss F. L. Shannon, Miss A. L. Shannon, Miss Poulgrin, England; Miss A. G. Kelly, the Misses Davis, U.S.A.; Mr. W. I. Rennie, England; Mr. L. Pfaff, Germany; Sir William Ewart, Lady Ewart, Miss H. Ewart, Mr. R. H. Ewart, Mr. E. G. Ewart, Mr. L. M. Ewart, Miss K. Ewart, Miss G. Ewart, Ireland; Mr. and Mme. Fobit, Baron and Baronne F. de Montesquiou, France; Mme. H. Spamer, Mr. and Mme. K. Spamer, Mme. Bloch, Germany; Baronne Van Hemstra, Freule Van Hemstra, Holland; Mr. Rudolph Krieger, Mr. Leo Delitz, Austria; Mr. and Mrs. Morf, U.S.A.; Mr. Mackintosh, Miss H. Harrison, Mrs. F. Atlay, Miss Dunlop, Mr. Montgomery, Mrs. M. A. Butler, Miss A. S. Miles, Mr. Alexander Besack, Mr. Henri Wakker, Colonel E. C. Willan and party, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Booth, Mr. Cooper, England; Mr. A. Ogrowsky, Mr. Clemens, Dr. Rubensohn, Mr. Herold, Mr. von Miquel, Germany.

BECK & CO'S PILSENER BEER

BREMEN.

YEARS NO HONEST COMPETITION FOR QUALITY

N.B.—Inferior Brands now being offered to

Managers of certain good circles.

Beware of evilly disposed competition running

down this very

SUPERIOR BRAND OF BEER.

NOTES FROM CYPRUS.

AN ABNORMAL RAINFALL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LARNACA, December 6.

Deluges of rain have fallen since Thursday, 29th ultimo. Here, in Larnaca, and in Nicosia the rain fall records its quite abnormal, amounting in the latter town to over six inches for the week, and similar reports are to hand from the various districts of the Island. The rivers, which for many months past have been mere dry river beds, are now in flood, and walls are being filled. This is a much-needed occurrence, as the shortage of well water has afflicted the drinking supply, and in the towns there has been some recrudescence of illness. Native habits do not impose that strict care in the management of the drinking water that a proper regard for health demands, and it is therefore not surprising that when the wells get low cases of typhoid and other complaints occur. A few cases of small-pox in Nicosia are reported.

ENTERTAINMENT AT FAMAGUSTA.

On Saturday last a concert was given at Famagusta in aid of the local hospital. Excellent support seems to have been forthcoming, and we understand that the financial results have been very satisfactory. The entertainment was held, however, under considerable climatic disadvantages, as "the rain descended and the floods came," and both performers and audience alike had many adventures before finally reaching the concert room; those especially who had travelled down from Nicosia. Special arrangements had been made for conveying the Nicosia visitors back to the Capital the same night, but this plan could not be carried out. There was no little difficulty in getting them to Famagusta, as a portion of the railway line had been damaged by the heavy rains, and passengers had to "foot it" for a short distance at a spot about half way down the line. Every assistance, however, was rendered by the railway authorities, and although the return could not be made before Monday, the unexpected week-end visit seems to have passed off satisfactorily to all concerned, not excepting the hotel proprietors.

A NEW MAIL BOAT.

The S.S. Salamis, the newly acquired vessel of the Limassol Steamship Company, has commenced carrying the mails, and is expected to prove a useful addition to this company's line of mail steamers.

STOCK EXPORTS TO EGYPT.

The official "Cyprus Gazette" of the 30th ulto. publishes a notice in regard to the exportation of stock from Cyprus, drawing attention to the fact that as, under the regulations in force in Egypt regarding the importation of animals, very severe restrictions are imposed if such arrivals are not accompanied by a certificate that they are healthy animals, the Government of Cyprus, in order to give facilities to exporters and to encourage trade, have secured the services of a veterinary surgeon, who will henceforth issue certificates under certain regulations.

These provide (a) for specified notices to be given to the veterinary surgeon by intending exporters to enable him to examine animals previous to shipment; (b) for the examination of such animals by the veterinary surgeon and the granting by him of a certificate to that effect; the required conditions of payment having been complied with; and (c) that for the present such examination will be made only at the ports of Larnaca, Limassol, Famagusta, and Paphos.

THE COTTON MARKET.

KEARSELEY AND CUNNINGHAM'S WEEKLY REPORT

Liverpool, December 6.

Egyptian cotton has been much more active this week, the trade buying freely; there have also been some bought on speculation. Quotations are raised as follows:—Brown, Fair to Good Fair ½ per lb. Fully Good Fair ½, while Good and Fine are ¼ per lb. dearer. Upper Egyptians are ¼ per lb. dearer all round. The following are the latest values, for Futures:—

Dec. 9.5d	Mar. 9.4d	June 9.4d
Jan. 9.4d	Apr. 9.4d	July 9.4d
Feb. 9.4d	May 9.4d	Aug. 9.4d

American Futures. The market this week has experienced a sharp reaction, prices at one time being almost 30 points below those of last Thursday. There has been a partial recovery, and to-day's closing values are some 8 points above the lowest rates touched. The decline has been chiefly due to heavy realizations, and to manipulation, whilst the uncertainty about the next Ginner's Report, and the Bureau Crop estimate, expected about Monday or Tuesday of next week, has checked all fresh speculative disposition. The crop movements, meanwhile are upon a large scale, and seem to lend some countenance to the big crop estimates which have been formulated; but this movement, we believe, is much more due to the enormous amount of cotton sold forward to Great Britain and the Continent for shipment during November, December, January, etc., rather than to any certain indication of an abnormally big yield. Most of the later estimates, being received from the South are in the neighbourhood of 12½ millions.

The latest values are delivery:—

Dec. 5.68½	Mar./Apr. 5.64½	July/Aug. 5.71½
Dec./Jan. 5.65	Apr./May 5.66½	Aug./Sept. 5.65
Jan./Feb. 5.63½	May/June 5.69	Sep./Oct. 5.55
Feb./Mar. 5.64	June/July 5.70½	Oct./Nov. 5.48

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

London, December 7.

The Money Market.

The important feature of the week in the money market has been the statement made to the United States Congress by Mr. Secretary Shaw regarding his future attitude in the matter of money stringency. "The Treasury," he says, "now holds in its own vaults a working balance of 78,000,000 dollars, the last available dollar of which will be deposited if business transactions require it, though it becomes necessary to pay the current expenses of the Government with cheques on depository banks.... Treasury operations must be made subordinate to the business interests of the country."

This announcement is very gratifying, and will have an important bearing on the monetary movements in the future.

It is also satisfactory to note his statement that the United States can ill afford to disturb financial conditions in Europe, and if necessary to prevent it he would not hesitate to make deposit in national banks on condition that the banks in turn promptly deposit an equal amount abroad. "The world throughout is enjoying an unprecedented period of prosperity, and no Government operations in this country must be permitted to interfere therewith at home and abroad." We have frequently pointed out that it would not be to the interest of the United States to disturb the European market, and Mr. Shaw's assurance that this will not happen is very welcome at the present juncture.

The Bank statement this week shows that the provincial demands for currency have proved rather heavier than anticipated. Thus the note circulation has expanded by £10,000,000, and although £844,000 in gold was received during the week from abroad, there is a decrease in the coin and bullion of £161,000. The reserve is accordingly down £272,000. The proportion of reserve to liabilities, however, is practically unchanged at 44 ½ %.

The outside market is considerably below the Bank's terms, which are 4½ to 4¾ per cent.

The Stock Markets.

This week markets have been quiet, and throughout a sagging tendency has been noticeable. There has been a good undertone, but several factors have helped to check business. One of the chief of these has been the monetary situation. It is generally recognised that this week's slight stringency can only be of a temporary character, but with the approach of next week's settlement there has been little inclination to deal, particularly in view of the fact that the account will be broken by the Christmas holidays.

The announcement made by Mr. Shaw that he will render assistance to the banks when necessary for a time exercised a cheering influence on the markets, but they have now relaxed again into a condition of idleness. The reaction in Americans has been marked, and has closely followed the downward movement in Wall Street. Gilt-edged stocks are again lower.

Consols.

After the sharp recovery in the gilt-edged market last week end, first-class securities have again gone back somewhat. This is largely attributed to the fall in the foreign exchange, and the slightly less favourable monetary position. Consols are dull at 86 ½ xd for cash and 86 ¾ xd for the account.

Foreign Bonds.

With the exception of Turkish Unifed, which have received some support, international stocks show a weak tendency, in sympathy with some of the Continental bourses. Russians, after their recent spell of activity, have fallen out of favour, and the scrip yesterday gave away ½ to 5½, and the Pors ½ to 7 ½. They close to-night at 5½ discount and 77 ½. Japanese bonds were cheerful on the statement of President Roosevelt regarding the treatment of Japanese in San Francisco, but yesterday there was an easing off, two or three of the series dropping ½. They are again lower to-day.

Home Rails.

During the first part of the week home railway shares were active, and in several cases prices rose appreciably. The dullness of the gilt-edged section has since cast some gloom over the market and the influence of the forthcoming settlement is also being felt. The advance in prices recorded during the past fortnight is brought about some profit-taking and with the exception of slight rises in Great Western Ordinary and South Eastern and South Western Deferred the movements are generally adverse. York Deferred, after being a good market previously, fell ½ to 45. There has again been some selling of home railway shares to-day. York Deferred are ½ lower, a Great Westerns have dropped ½.

Americans.

The heavy money rates prevailing in New York, coupled with uncertainty with regard to the Presidential message, restricted business in the American market for some time, but when the text of the message was published, the tone became very favourable. The bullish mood was also strengthened by the promise made by Mr. Shaw, the Secretary of the Treasury, to anticipate 12,000,000 dollars of January dividends, and active share dealings became the order of the day. Later yesterday afternoon there was some falling away from the best levels, the weakness of Wall Street being an adverse factor. Union Pacific weakened considerably, and fell away from 19½ to 19½. New York Central, which on Wednesday gained 2½ on the report that the shares were to be placed on a higher dividend basis, relaxed ½ to 139½.

To-day the American railway market has been weak. Union Pacifics have given away 2½, New York Central 2½ and Chesapeake 1½.

Egyptians.

The Egyptian market continues to exhibit a firm tone, and there is a fairly good business being done in the better class shares. In the main quotations show a steady advance in an upward direction, and the prospects for the future are very satisfactory.

Egyptian Estates have been much in demand, and have been as high as 2½. Yesterday they eased off and closed at 2½. They are quoted to-night at 2½ as compared with 2½ last Friday. The Deferred are steady at 19½. National Bank of Egypt have also been a good

NASAL CATARRH AFFECTS HEARING.

FINDS RELIEF IN PERUNA.

Mr. R. J. Arless, 401 City Hall Ave., Montreal, Quebec, is an old gentleman of wide acquaintance, having served thirty-eight years in the General Post Office of Montreal, a record which speaks for itself. Concerning his use of Peruna, Mr. Arless says:

"I have been afflicted with nasal catarrh to such a degree that it affected my hearing."

"This was contracted some twenty years ago by being exposed to draughts and sudden changes of temperature."

"I have been under the treatment of specialists and have used many drugs recommended as specifics for catarrh in the head and throat—all to no purpose."

"About three years ago I was induced by a confrere in office to try Peruna."

"After some hesitation, as I had doubts as to results after so many failures, I gave Peruna a trial, and am happy to state that after using eight or ten bottles of Peruna I am much improved in hearing, and in breathing through the nostrils."

For special directions everyone would read "The Life of Life," a copy of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists at five shillings per bottle or six bottles for twenty-five shillings.

Those wishing direct correspondence with Dr. Hartman and can wait the necessary delay in receiving a reply should address Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

MAX FISCHER,
Cairo & Alexandria.

market, and advanced to 28½ bid, but last night were easier at 28½. They close to-day at 28½. Agricultural Bank of Egypt are at 9½, and the 3½ per cent. Debentures are firmer at 89. Delta Land and Investment, after remaining steady at about 4½, came into strong demand yesterday, and rose rapidly to 5 bid, at which price they close to-day. Delta Preference Bonds have been better at 12½, but are rather weaker at 12½.

There is little new to say about the issue of the Sidi Salem Estates of Egypt. As yet there does not appear to be much demand for the shares. Lund and General Trust are a fraction better on the dividend of 1s. 6d. and leave off at 6s. premium. Daira Sanieh show no change on the week at 17½. The Deferred at 99. Union Feniore are about the same at 8½ and Land Bank at 8½. Corporation of Western Egypt are steady at ½ premium, and Salt and Soda and Egyptian Markets close at 25s. 6d. and 30s. respectively. Khedivial Mail Ordinary are sellers at 2½.

Mining.

The Government's announcement that the Letters Patent of the new Transvaal Constitution would be proclaimed next week caused some show of activity in the mining market, but business is very restricted. Paris is a dull factor, and the poor Bank return yesterday did not help matters, while the demand is restricted by the approach of the settlement. Yesterday K-mine opened firm, but as the day wore on they again relaxed into a condition of listlessness. To-night Rand Mines are quoted 5½ and East Rands 3½.

In the Rhodesian section Chartered are weak at 12.

Egyptian mining shares are idle, and there is not a single movement to report. For some reason, the public leave this section severely alone. Nile Valleys are at 4s., and Sudan Gold Fields are unchanged at 3½.

The closing prices to-night are as follows:

Abyssinian Bank	1 dis	at par
Agricultural Bank	9 ½	100
Central Bank	9 ½	100
3 ½ per cent Bonds	88 ½	89 ½
Anglo-Egyptian Bank	13 ½	14 ½
Central Egypt Exploration Co.	1 ½	1 ½
Corporation of Western Egypt	16	16
Daira Sugar 4 0/0 Debentures	2 ½	2 ½
Daira Sanieh Ordinary	17 ½	17 ½
Deferred	98	100
Delta Preference	12 ½	12 ½
Delta Lands	11 ½	11 ½
Egyptian Estates	2 ½	2 ½
Estates Deferred	19	20
Egyptian Mines Exploration Ltd.	3 ½	4 ½
United Arab Valley Lands	5 ½	5 ½
Sidi Salem Estates	1 dis	per
United Egypt Lands	16	16

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

ALEXANDRIA	
Kom-el-Nadoura, Observatory.	
Direction of wind	S.
Force of breeze	Slight
State of sky	10
Barometer corrected	765.6
Evaporation	3
State of clouds	3 clouded
Max. Temp. in shade	18
Min. " " " "	11.3
Humidity of the air	70
Heat of the sun	32
Rainfall	0.45 a.m.
Moon rise	3.52 p.m.
REMARKS.	
The weather has become settled, and the sea is again calm. A light southerly breeze is blowing and the glass shows a tendency to fall.	

OTHER STATIONS.

Stations.	Max. temp. in shade.	Min. temp. in shade.	Stations.	Max. temp. in shade.	Min. temp. in shade.
Port Said	22	13	Meroua	31	17
Suez	23	13	Athara	31	17
Holwan	20	10	Siakin	29	24
Ghizeh	21	10	Khartoum	35	21
Assiut	27	12	Kassala	36	18
Assiut	27	12	Wad Medani	36	21
Wady Halfa	30	12	Duam	30	19

FOREIGN STATIONS.

Stations.	Barom.	Wind	Temp.	State of Sea
Tripoli	—	Almost calm	5	Very rough
Malta	761.0	Fresh	13	Rough
Brindisi	761.4	Light	9	Rough
Athens	764.8	Modest	16	Rather rough
Lima	755.1	Light	18	Modest

A Trade Union Secretary

Going into a Decline.
Depressed; Lifeless; Exhausted;
Racked by Persistent Coughs.
Health and Energy Regained,
with Ample Strength for Work.
Cured by the Worker's Friend,
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mr. John Thompson is the energetic and popular Secretary in Liverpool of an important trade union, and when he consented to state his personal experience for publication his kindly motive was explained by the following remarks:—

"As I go to work each morning I pass dozens of fellow-workers who plainly are ill. Any one could tell that they are in the grip of disease, and I would be glad to do them the good turn that a friend once did me. When I had looked on myself as a 'goner' beyond human aid a friend advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and they saved my life; so I advise every man who earns his daily bread to keep these pills handy."

Mr. Thompson, who is a skilled joiner, living at 4, Conroy-st., Smithdown-rd., Liverpool, continued:—

"My illness began with a depressed feeling; a kind of washed-out ever-tired sensation hung over me. I felt lifeless and drowsy; yet sleep, when I went to bed, never came to me. This was followed by severe chest pains, and at last a terribly hard cough that would attack me suddenly if I walked at a quick pace or went up stairs. This cough racked me to pieces, and made my chest terribly raw. When the winter mornings came and I went into the cold air neighbours around would hear me coughing as though my lungs were in shreds. I felt myself that I could not last. No one held out hope, and doctors, although they did their best, seemed unable to give me just the medicine my illness required. I was sickening fast. I tried to keep up my strength, but I had a most wretched feeling in my stomach, and for at least two hours after every meal I felt that food would be rejected. So I began to loathe food, and my appetite dwindled away. I became a stooping, back-bowed, pale, consumptive-looking creature of whom everybody remarked 'He is in a decline.' My sleep was broken by frightful dreams, and many hours I lay awake bathed in weakening perspirations. For days together I could not move owing to nervous headaches. My cough had now become so bad that every fit prostrated me. Nervous, easily excited and hurried, I had to remain away from work. I looked haggard, while my flesh had fallen away greatly."

"A fellow-workman, who had great faith in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People earnestly begged me to try them. 'You may not be too far gone for them to do you good,' said he."

"With but little hope I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and can honestly say that from then I slowly but surely got the better of my terrible weakness, until, as you can see, I am to-day, after perseverance with these pills, in splendid health. I eat well without any distress after I sleep well, and wake up ready to tackle a hard day's work. I feel wonderfully restored, more active than for many years, and can do a day's work without being 'done.' Dr. Williams' Pink Pills rendered me immense service when I felt only fit to die."

"When the blood becomes thin and weak and the nerves lose 'tone,' the system rapidly breaks down. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People ensure good health by making Rich Red Blood. In both sexes they have cured Arterio-sclerosis, General Weakness, Indigestion, Eczema, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuritis, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis; also invaluable in Ladies' Ailments. Sold by all dealers, but see that you obtain the genuine pills (even words as above), for substitutes never cure. If in doubt, send to the British Depot, 46, Holborn-viaduct, London, enclosing 2s. 9d. for one box, or 13s. 9d. for six.

Sold in Egypt by all chemists at Fr. 3.50 the box or Fr. 17.50 for six boxes; also at the depot of S. Fischer & Cie. Galeati & Figli, Alexandria.

EXPORT MANIFESTS.

For BRINDISI and TRIESTE, by the S.S. Euterpe, sailed on the 5th December:

FOR FUME	
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	60 bales cotton
FOR TRIESTE	
Schmid & Co.,	279 bales cotton
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	123 " "
402 bales cotton	

E. Almay & Co.,	802 empty casks
Attias & Co.,	14 barrels grease
Eredi Albertini,	767 empty casks
P. Delacovias,	91 empty casks
Stern Bros.,	40 bales skins
A. Dreher,	850 empty casks
Imp. Ott. Bank,	25 bales gum, 7 bales skins
Ibrahim Sedraoui,	419 empty casks, 5 bales skins
Birra di Graz,	958 empty casks
A. Doehrn,	286 empty casks
Various,	25 packages sundries

For SYRIA, by the S.S. Nizer, sailed on the 6th December:

Various,	50 packages sundries
FOR BOMBAY	
J. Planta & Co.,	30 bales cotton

For ALGIERES and ENGLAND, by the S.S. Ramsay, sailed on the 7th December:

Barker & Co.,	2,950 tons cotton seed
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	778 " "
N. E. Tamvaco,	853 " "
Kafir Ziyat Cotton Co.,	4,634 bags oil cake
L. Heller,	150 barrels molasses
Lonsdale & Thompson,	57 cases eggs
G. M. Ades,	150 cases eggs
L. Onofrio,	75 cases eggs
Various,	14 packages sundries

For LIVERPOOL, by the S.S. Alexandria, sailed on the 7th December:

Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	200 tons cotton seed
Bank of Athens,	136 " "
F. Andres,	200 bales cotton
Bank of Egypt Ltd.,	118 " "
F. C. Baiges & Co.,	100 " "
H. Bindernagel,	472 " "
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	1,512 " "
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	937 " "
B. Barki,	937 " "
N. G. Casulli,	201 " "
Mohr & Fenderl,	425 " "
Lombroso & Co.,	39 " "
Mouris Bro.,	1'0 " "
Papapandolides Bros.,	50 " "
Peel & Co.,	300 " "
J. Planta & Co.,	714 " "
Rodocanachi & Co.,	33 " "
R. Rolo Sons & Co.,	43 " "
G. Frauger & Co.,	1,060 " "
7,215 bales cotton	
G. M. Ades,	68 cases eggs
S. Attal,	35 cases eggs
Lonsdale & Thompson,	43 cases eggs
Peel & Co.,	7 cases preserves
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	6 crates preserves
Asia Minor,	3 bales wool, 276 bags dari seed,
8 cases nuts	
Various,	10 packages sundries

For MARSEILLES, by the S.S. Portugal, sailed on the 7th December:

Bonded Stores,	5 cases cigarettes
M. L. Carasso,	14 bales senna
S. Stienon,	22 bales empty bags
Saceries,	114 cases sugar
Salt & Soda,	50 sacks oil, 500 tons oil cake
Z. C. Zayan,	136 packages old copper
Rosetta Mills,	1,110 bags rice
L. Onofrio,	10 cases eggs
Bas que Ottomane,	10 bales henna
Various,	60 packages sundries
G. Petracchi & Co.,	96 bales cotton
Peel & Co.,	155 " "
Schmid & Co.,	282 " "
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	15 " "
G. Frauger & Co.,	469 " "
J. Planta & Co.,	215 " "
F. C. Baiges & Co.,	31 " "
G. Riecken,	61 " "
Mohr & Fenderl,	174 " "
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	120 " "
F. Andres,	80 " "
R. O. Lindemann,	94 " "
1,962 bales cotton	

FOR LONDON

Southard,	5 barrels cognac
Bolonachi,	36 barrels cognac
Various,	10 packages sundries

FOR HAVRE

Saceries,	900 bags black
F. Frauger & Co.,	50 bags cotton seed
Ott. Bank,	15 bales senna
Naggiar,	23 bales senna

For BRINDISI and TRIESTE, by the S.S. Semiramis, sailed on the 8th December:

F. C. Baiges & Co.,	671 bales cotton
E. M. Allison & Co.,	93 " "
Peel & Co.,	62 " "
H. Bindernagel,	36 " "
G. Frauger & Co.,	108 " "
F. Andres,	60 " "
A. Hess & Co.,	32 " "
Mouris Bro.,	60 " "
Mohr & Fenderl,	174 " "
R. O. Lindemann,	475 " "
W. Getty & Co.,	150 " "
J. Planta & Co.,	561 " "
Schmid & Co.,	363 " "
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	244 " "
G. Riecken,	30 " "
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	90 " "
3,109 bales cotton	

D. C. M. zis,	15 barrels dates
Sté "Le Kélieva",	7 cases cigarettes
W. Levick,	134 barrels waste iron
M. L. Carasso,	30 bags senna
A. Moh. Salah,	300 cases dates
Ibrahim Sedraoui,	210 empty casks

S. Levy,	50 crates tomatoes
Vasdeki Bros.,	100 " "
Moh. Dahi,	98 " "
G. Brach & Co.,	17 bales wax
R. Delia,	250 crates tomatoes
A. Frick,	9 barrels fresh fish
I. Haki,	14 packages henna
Bonded Stores,	4 cases cigarettes
Various,	37 packages sundries

For MARSEILLES, by the S.S. Frosso, sailed on the 8th December:

Behrend & Co.,	1,485 tons cotton seed
For LIVERPOOL, by the S.S. City of Oxford, sailed on the 10th December:	
Papandolides Bros.,	400 tons cotton seed
Bank of Athens,	580 " "
Rodocanachi & Co.,	160 bales cotton
Petrachi & Co.,	603 " "
H. Bindernagel,	500 " "
F. C. Baiges & Co.,	535 " "
J. Planta & Co.,	1,224 " "
Constantinou,	93 " "
Birch & Co.,	183 " "
R. O. Lindemann,	975 " "
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd.,	965 " "
W. Getty & Co.,	160 " "
F. Andres,	250 " "
N. G. Casulli,	407 " "
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	975 " "
6,990 bales cotton	
Imp. Ott. Bank,	24 bales wool
Behrend & Co.,	250 bags sugar
J. A. Abouhananab,	3,600 bags oil cake
Khedivial Mail,	2,631 cases oranges
Various,	43 packages sundries

BANQUE d'ATHENES.

EMISSION DE LA QUATRIEME SERIE D'ACTION

NUMEROS 300.001-400.000

APPEL DU DERNIER VERSEMENT

Messieurs les Porteurs de Certificats d'Actions de la quatrième série sont informés que le second et dernier versement, à raison de : Frs. 94.50 (QUATRE VINGT QUATORZE FRANCS & 50) par action est exigible le 1/14 Décembre courant.

Sur la somme ci-dessus, il sera tenu compte des intérêts à raison de 5% sur :

Frs. 15.75, montant du premier versement, du 5/18 Septembre, date de la Répartition, au 18/31 Décembre 1906, soit Frs. 0.66 et de Frs. 0.22 sur le second versement de : Frs. 94.50, du 1/14 Décembre 1906, au 18-31 Décembre soit en tout : Frs. 0.88, qui sera déduit du montant à payer.

Il s'ensuit que les porteurs auront à payer la somme nette de :

Frs. 93.62 (QUATRE VINGT TREIZE FRANCS & 62) par Action, sur remise des reçus provisoires en échange desquels ils recevront les titres définitifs Jouissance du 1er Janvier 1907.

Les retardataires seront passibles d'un intérêt de 8% à partir du 17 Décembre 1906.

Alexandrie, le 7 Décembre 1906.

Le Directeur en Egypte, JEAN JOANNIDES.

SOCIETE ANONYME Agricole et Industrielle d'Egypte

Emission de 5.000 Actions nouvelles d'une valeur nominale de FRs. 500 conformément aux décisions prises par l'Assemblée Générale Extraordinaire du 27 Novembre 1906.

CONDITIONS DE L'EMISSION: L'émission des nouvelles actions a lieu au pair. Elles participent à l'exercice qui commence le 1er Février 1907 et qui finit le 31 Janvier 1908. Les actions souscrites seront libérées en une fois par le versement de Frs. 500.—qui devra être effectué au plus tard le 5 Janvier 1907.

DROIT DE SOUSCRIPTION: La présente souscription est exclusivement réservée aux porteurs des 20.000 Actions de Capital existantes. Le droit de souscription est appelé à s'exercer dans la proportion de UN titre nouveau pour Quatre anciens. Les actionnaires qui voudront exercer leur droit de préférence à la souscription devront déposer leurs actions anciennes à l'un des Etablissements ci-dessous avec le bordereau annexé au bulletin de souscription.

Les souscriptions seront reçues jusqu'au 20 Décembre:

A BRUXELLES, A la Société Générale.

A la Banque de Bruxelles.

A la Banque d'Outremer.

A ANVERS, A la Banque d'Anvers.

A la Banque de Reports de Fonds Publics et de Dépôts.

A GAND, A la Banque de Gand.

A COURTRAI, A la Banque de Courtrai.

A CAIRE et ALEXANDRIE, Au Siège Social.

Au Crédit Lyonnais.

A la National Bank of Egypt.

A la Banque de Salonique.

A l'Anglo-Egyptian Bank.

29034-6-5

Alexandria Water Company, Limited.

DIVIDENDE INTERIMAIRE.

Messieurs les Actionnaires sont informés qu'un Dividende Interimaire de Deux Shillings et Six Pence par action de £5, est payable le 15 Décembre 1906, en échange du Coupon N° 36, à l'Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ltd., à Alexandrie, ou chez M.M. Barclay and Company, Ltd., 1, Pall Mall East, à Londres.

Par ordre du Conseil d'Administration, J. E. CORNISH, Administrateur-Directeur.

Alexandrie, le 5 Décembre 1906. 29012-4*3

The Nile Flotilla Co., Ltd.

REGULAR AND FREQUENT TRANSPORT SERVICE ON RIVER AND CANAL.

CUSTOMS-CLEARING & FORWARDING.

Offices — LONDON, CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA 2714-17-1-007

C. BRANDAUER & Co's LIMITED.

Circular Pointed PENS.

Attention is also drawn to their Patent Anti-Blotting Pens.

Assorted Sample Box for seven stamps from the WORKS, BIRMINGHAM

NOTICE.

Sale of Ivory Rubber.

It is notified for general information that the Assistant Secretary, Stores Section will sell by Public Auction at the Beit El Amana, Omdurman, on Tuesday 18th December 1906 at 10 a.m. punctually, the following approximate quantities of ivory, rubber, etc.

Rottles

3085	Aal No. 1.
3693	Aal No. 2.
4201	Mashmon.
1647	Bar more than 10 rottles
738	Bar less than 10 rottles
766	Kling
417	Khorda
742	Rubber
8	Rhine horn
43	Giraffe skins.

The ivory will be sold in suitable lots at the rate of so much per kantar.

Immature ivory acquired under section 17 of the ordinance for the preservation of wild animals and birds 1903 is sold under condition that same is not resold in the Sudan and must be exported ex Sudan within one month from date of purchase and a permit for same will be issued at the time of purchase.

Ten per cent. of the value must be paid by the purchaser at the conclusion of the auction and the balance within 5 days from the above date, after which period it will remain at purchaser's risk and be subject to a demurrage charge of 100 millimes per each kantar per diem until whole stock is removed.

None of the articles sold can be removed before the whole of the purchase money has been paid.

The payments will be in cash and no cheques will be accepted.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any offer.

(Signed) M. CUTTS, Kaim.

Assistant Secretary, Stores Section.

Khartoum, 29th November, 1906. 29044-6-4

Municipalite d'Alexandrie

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication la fourniture du Borsim pour ses animaux.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L.E. 50. (Cinquante).

Le cahier des charges est déposé au bureau de Nettoyement où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 8 Janvier 1907.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention: "Sousmission pour fourniture du Borsim."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 8 Janvier 1907 à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

L'Administrateur, Signé: W. P. CHATAWAY.

Alexandrie, le 12 Décembre 1906. 29079-3-1

Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Egyptien

AVIS

L'Administration des Chemins de fer de l'Etat a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du public qu'elle recevra, jusqu'au 5 Janvier 1907, à midi, des offres pour la fourniture de: 8,000 kilos de cordages en fibres de dattiers, 8,000 kilos de fibres de dattiers, 10,000 kilos de glin de Syrie, suivant échantillons à soumettre au service des Magasins à Boulac (Caire), et livrables franco dans nos Magasins de Gabary (Alexandrie), conformément aux conditions générales pour "Articles divers" dont on peut prendre connaissance, à Alexandrie, au Bureau du M. l'Inspecteur des Magasins à Gabary, et au Caire, au service Central des Magasins, à Boulac.

Pour être admis à concourir, le soumissionnaire devra verser, au préalable, à titre de dépôt provisoire, une somme de L.E. 50. Le soumissionnaire déclaré adjudicataire devra verser la somme jusqu'à concurrence du 1/10 de montant de l'offre agréée.

Les offres doivent être accompagnées d'une feuille de papier timbré de 50 millimes. Elles seront adressées par la poste sous pli recommandé à :

Monsieur le Chef du Service des Magasins des Chemins de fer de l'Etat à Boulac.

et sous double enveloppe, l'intérieure portant la désignation suivante :

"Offre pour fibres de dattier et cordages en glin de Syrie."

Toute offre faite ou déposée indépendamment au jour et à l'heure ci-dessus indiqués ne sera pas prise en considération.

L'Administration ne s'engage pas à accepter l'offre la plus basse, ni à donner suite aux soumissions présentées, et elle se réserve le droit de diviser la commande.

Le Caire, le 11 Décembre 1906. 29075-2-1

This Series of Pens write as smoothly as a Lead Pencil. Neither Scratch nor Spurt, the points being rounded by a special process.

Attention is also drawn to their Patent Anti-Blotting Pens.

Assorted Sample Box for seven stamps from the WORKS, BIRMINGHAM

Cheap Prepaid Advertisements.

Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates:—

	ONCE	3 TIMES	6 TIMES
15 words	P.T. 5	P.T. 10	P.T. 15
30 words	" 8	" 16	" 24
Every 10 words beyond 30.	" 2	" 4	" 6

The address is counted. The advertisement must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged, advance payments not appearing consecutively.

All such advertisements must be prepaid, and to this rule no exception whatever will be made. Letters in reply to advertisements will be sent to any address if a few stamps are posted by the advertiser to cover postage.

AGENTS' INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIES AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.

A useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain, the Continent, and Egypt. Circulating all over Europe and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post Free. AGENTS' INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIES GUIDE sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.—To be sold cheap, first class property, good machine, complete with all accessories; printing as new. Can be seen in working order. For price and particulars apply to "E.W." P.O. Box 8, Cairo. 28986-25-9

A GENTLEMAN with motherless child and English nurse, able to give the best of references, is desirous of entering respectable family living in or near the Greek quarter, who would hire two large rooms, including food for nurse and child. Address, G. M. Melias, c/o Choremi Benachi & Co., Alexandria. 29071-6-1

BLACKENSDERFER TYPEWRITERS.—London Prices. Address to the Agent, Post Office Box No. 35, Alexandria. 31-12-906

CHRISTMAS 1906.—The Proprietor of The Anglo-American Stores, Boulevard Ramleh, Alexandria, begs to notify his numerous patrons that he has just received, from London, a large and varied selection of Seasonable Goods, comprising Crackers, Christmas Hampers, Fresh Fruit, etc. Inspection invited. No opportunity to purchase. 29066-14-3

CLINIQUE FOR SPECIAL DISEASES.—Most perfect establishment in all the East. With fine, comfortable rooms for patients desirous to undergo a thorough hospital treatment. European nurses. Graduated masseurs and masseuses. Perfect establishment for electric treatment. Complete microbiological laboratory. Principal and owner: Dr. Tsykalas, Surgeon-Doctor. Consultations 7-12 a.m., 2-5 p.m

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demie.)

On a débuté ce matin en pleine débâcle sur toute la cote. Le Caire vendait par paquets. Un peu plus tard, la capitale s'étant ressaisie, il y a eu reprise et c'est sensiblement aux mêmes cours ou à des cours légèrement inférieurs que nous clôturons aujourd'hui.

A part les Ritz Hotels qui ont été traités aux environs de 19/16-5/3, les nouvelles émissions ont été peu échangées.

Il y a eu de l'animation en Agricole, National Bank, Cassa di Sconto, Nungovich Hotels, Delta Land, Estates, Urbaine, Comptoir et Crédit Franco-Egyptien.

La Ramleh baisse à 6 3/4, la Delta Light à 12 1/4, les Baux du Caire à 121 les actions et 270 les Jouissances, les Markets à 29, la Dividende Bière du Caire à 115, les Cotton Mills à 6/6, l'Obligation Crédit Foncier à 337 l'ancienne et 271 la nouvelle, la Nile Land à 18, les Sucrières à 76, la Khedivial Mail à 4 3/4 la Préférence et 39 l'Ordinaire, les Estates à 2 13/32, l'Urbaine à 7 11/16, la Building à 5 21/32 et la Banque d'Orient à 139.

En revanche, les Tramways d'Alexandrie montent à 217 acheteur les Privilegiés et 366 les Dividendes; la Privilegiée Bière du Caire se relève à 135, la Banque d'Athènes à 137, les Nungovich à 22, la Delta Land à 4 9/16, la Land Bank à 8 1/16, le Comptoir à 7 7/16 et l'Union Foncière à 6 3/8.

Une dépêche du président de la Corporation des Agents de change du Caire informe l'Association des Courtiers d'Alexandrie que MM. Qaïol, Mortera, Nagrin, Salinas, Sadek, Ammar, ainsi que 43 autres agents du Caire, ont présenté hier spontanément leurs positions terme Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux et qu'il résulte du pointage qu'il n'existe aucun découvert sur cette valeur.

Il paraît qu'un groupe d'indigènes vient de décider la création au Caire d'une banque au capital de 600,000 Lst. divisé en 150,000 actions de 4 Lst. chacune, sur lesquelles 50,000 seront mises à la disposition du public. La nouvelle banque prendra le nom de Banque du Caire et l'émission des actions aura lieu dès que les statuts seront approuvés.

Circulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, le 13 Décembre

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Londres est resté hier invarié à 5 1/2 pour cent. Au Stock Exchange, le Consolidé anglais s'est maintenu à 86 3/4 et l'Unité à 102. La National Bank a réaffecté de 1/8 à 28 3/4. L'Agricole, la Delta et la Delta Light sont restées immobiles à leurs cours précédents.

A Paris le Crédit Foncier Egyptien a clôturé invarié à 786. La Banque d'Athènes a rétrogradé de 2 francs à 137.

Ici la tendance générale du marché a été ce matin, faible par suite de difficultés monétaires locales et de restrictions mises par certaines Banques aux avances sur titres, restrictions qui seront, il est vrai, rapportées dans trois ou quatre jours à l'arrivée de l'or attendu d'Europe.

Dans le compartiment des Banques, la National a été ramené jusqu'à 271 1/8 pour clôturer à 28 3/16-1/4. L'Agricole a décliné à 9 9/16-5/8, la Banque d'Orient à 132 et le Comptoir Foncier à 7 5/16-3/8.

La Delta est revenue à 17 9/16, la Béhéra à 41 1/2 et l'Union Foncière à 67/16. La Nile Land a perdu 7/8 à 17 7/8 et le Warden Estate 1/4 à 8 1/4. Les Allotments se sont alourdis à 3 15/16.

Les actions Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux ont été négociées pendant toute la séance entre 10 1/2 et 11 pour se consolider à 10 clôturant à 10 3/4-11. On verra, à bref délai, des prix plus élevés, nous en sommes certains. Les parts de fondateur ont été traitées à P.E. 105.

La Delta Light a faibli à 12 1/4-5/16 et les Automobiles à 5 3/4-7/8. Les Jouissances Baux du Caire ont été offertes à 271. La Brasserie des Pyramides a été bien tenue à 133-134 et sa part de dividende à 74.

Dans le groupe des valeurs hôtelières, les Nungovich ont reculé à 21 5/8-11/14, les Egyptian à 9 5/8-3/4, les Upper Egypt à 5 3/8 et les National à 4 1/16.

Parmi les petites valeurs, les Delta Land se sont tassés à 4 5/8-11/16. Les Estates ont monté à 2 7/16-1/2; leur part a perdu 1/4 à 18 1/2. Les Khedivial Mail ont rétrogradé à 37, les Markets à 29/6 et les Salt and Soda à 23/6.

Les bruits les plus ridicules continuent à être mis en circulation au sujet des actions de la Société d'Entreprises Immobilières et de Travaux. Hier on disait qu'on allait "fermer la Bourse"; aujourd'hui, d'après des rumeurs très vagues du reste et non confirmées, il s'agit simplement d'interdire les transactions sur le titre.

Bien entendu, ces nouvelles sont répandues par le groupe qui a inventé la fameuse ficelle de "l'intérêt public".

Or, nul n'ignore que, "l'intérêt public" est représenté en Bourse, depuis le 12 Novembre dernier, par M. Yousef bey Sadek et les membres du Comité et de la Corporation qui pourraient éventuellement avoir vendu des actions Société d'Entreprises et de Travaux.

Il est évident que, si nous actual du titre "l'intérêt public" localisé dans les caisses de ces Messieurs est manifestement compromis.

seulement il serait intéressant de savoir ce que penserait de cette décision le public qui gagne les millions de livres que perdent les vendeurs à découvert.

Ce public acheteur n'est pas aussi intéressant, nous en convenons volontiers, que le public représenté par les quelques maisons qui se sont engagées dans l'ingénierie opération en question. Mais si l'on devait fermer la Bourse chaque fois qu'une demi-douzaine d'agents de change perdent leur argent en essayant de jouer un bon tour à un collègue, cela deviendrait amusant.

Laplomb ou, si l'on veut, la candeur de quelques membres du Comité est vraiment remarquable. Jamais ils n'ont songé à rayer de la cote l'action des Sucrières ou l'action Ploughing et Dieu sait si, à cette époque, l'intérêt public était en péril et l'est encore en ce qui concerne cette dernière Société, dont l'état de santé est, malheureusement, loin d'être satisfaisant. Il est vrai que le président de la Corporation des agents de change du Caire était censé des Sucrières et mandataire de la Société auprès de la Corporation pour le placement de l'émission Ploughing.

Pour terminer, nous devons à la vérité d'ajouter, relativement à la "menace" d'interdire les transactions sur les actions de la Société d'Entreprises Immobilières et de Travaux, qu'on s'est ravisé plus tard: on aurait décidé, par exemple, qu'on pourrait tout de même traiter le titre, "mais seulement au plus bas prix possible".

Après celle-là on peut franchement tirer l'échelle. "Acta est fabula." Mais bien que la farce soit jouée, c'est maintenant qu'il faut s'apprêter à rire.

Une preuve supplémentaire de la situation spéciale créée aux actions de la Société d'Entreprises Immobilières et de Travaux: L'action était négociée, AU COMPTANT, entre L.E. 10 et 11.

Simultanément, A TERME, c'est-à-dire fin Décembre, elle était traitée L.E. 1 plus bas que le comptant.

Cela prouve incontestablement qu'il y a un découvert.

On s'attend à ce que les négociations entre le Gouvernement et la commission déléguée par le conseil d'administration de la National Bank of Egypt pour la transformation de cet établissement de crédit en Banque d'Etat aboutissent définitivement avant la fin du mois courant.

Il se confirme, d'autre part, que le conseil d'administration est favorable au projet de fractionnement des parts de fondateur de l'Agricultural Bank que détient la National Bank. On sait que le nombre total de ces parts est de 2,000 et que la National Bank en possède la moitié.

On recourrait pour ces 1,000 parts au système du fidéjussor, tel qu'il a été employé pour les parts de fondateur de l'Egypcie Immobilière Ltd.

Carnet de l'actionnaire.

De deuxième versement de £ 1 par titre sur les actions de l'Egypcie Immobilière Ltd est dû pour le 15 Décembre courant.

Nous croyons savoir que le dernier quart de L.E. 1 par titre sur les actions Express Nile Steamers Co sera appelé pour le 20 décembre courant.

Direction Generale des Postes.

Dix places de stagiaires étant vacantes dans les bureaux de poste de l'intérieur, de la Basse-Egypte et huit dans la Moyenne et Haute-Egypte, un concours aura lieu pour l'admission de candidats.

Un examen aura lieu à cet effet aux bureaux de poste de Tanta le 22 courant et d'Assiut le 28 courant.

Les candidats doivent être munis du Certificat d'Etudes Primaires, obtenu dans les trois dernières années et être âgés de 18 ans au moins; en cas de succès, ils recevront une allocation de L.E. 2 par mois, et, à l'expiration du délai de stage, ils seront nommés à L.E. 5.

Les personnes qui désirent prendre part au concours doivent dresser la formule Ministérielle No. 167 C. G. qu'ils peuvent obtenir aux gachettes des bureaux de poste: les indications de cette formule devront être remplies de leur propre écriture en Arabe et Anglais ou Français; la formule devra être adressée à S.E. le Directeur Général des Postes, Alexandrie, au plus tard le 20 courant pour Tanta et le 24 courant pour Assiut.

Alexandrie, le 13 Décembre 1906. 29075-2-1

Messrs. GEO. W. WHEATLEY & Co.

London, Liverpool, Manchester, Glasgow, and Paris

Have pleasure in informing their clients in Egypt, that they have appointed Messrs. E. P. BLATTNER & Co. as their Agents for Egypt and the Sudan.

Merchandise and Packages forwarded at THROUGH RATES between Great Britain and Egypt.

Estimates quoted on application either through Messrs. E. P. Blattner & Co. P.O.B. 395, Sharia Kasr-el-Nil, CAIRO, or through Messrs. Geo. W. Wheatley & Co., LONDON. 29067-6-A-2

Supplément Commercial et Financier.

"L'EGYPTIAN GAZETTE"

Le Supplément Commercial et Financier de l'"Egyptian Gazette" paraît chaque Samedi à midi, de façon à pouvoir être expédié par le paquebot autrichien. Il contient des revues complètes et impartiales du coton, des grains de coton, et du marché des valeurs; les dernières statistiques jusqu'à la veille de sa publication; des tableaux des fluctuations de la place et les copies des dépêches officielles envoyées à la Liverpool Cotton Association, etc.

L'abonnement pour une année en Egypte coûte 1 L.E. y compris les frais de poste; pour l'étranger 10 P.T. de port en sus. A'Alexandrie, le 30 Novembre.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

ARRIVALS

December 13.
Amphitrite, Aust. s. Capt. Tomasevich, Trieste et Brindisi, Austrian Lloyd.
Niger, French s. Capt. Bourge, Beyrouth and Port Said, Messageries Maritimes.
Venus, Brit. s. Capt. Byre, Port Said.

December 14.
Marasli, Greek s. Capt. Dambassia, Trébizonde and Piræe, Cav fakis.

December 14.
Marie Reine, Greek s. Capt. Pithis, Constantinople and Rhodes, Homay.
Philo, Brit. s. Capt. Halland, Port Said, Moss & Co.

DEPARTURES

December 13.
Memfi, Ital. s. Capt. Benedetto, Messina and Genoa.

Congo, French s. Capt. Baretge, Port Said and Syria.

Eleni, Ott. s. Capt. Voulis, Syria, in ballast. Imperial Trajan, Room. s. Capt. Pericleanou, Smyrna and Constantin.

Egyptian Prince, Brit. s. Capt. Mac Millan, Malta and Manchester.

City of Cambridge, Brit. s. Capt. Walker, Malta and Liverpool.

Borjom, Ras. s. Capt. Salis, Batoum, in ballast.

Arrivages

Du 21 au 7 Décembre

COTONS:	1906	1905
Le 1	Crs. 45.826	Crs. 12.550
" 2	" 66.961	" 21.088
" 3	" 44.958	" 31.810
" 4	" 6.183	" 33.965
" 5	" 45.677	" 35.421
" 6	" 55.763	" 51.401
" 7	" 52.454	" 59.829

Total semaine Crs. 372.712 Crs. 216.064

Total précédent à partir du 1er sept. " 3.169.298 " 2.595.621

Total à ce jour Crs. 3.512.010 Crs. 2.811.685

GRAINES DE COTON: 1906 1905

Le 1	Ard. 31.180	Ard. 18.818
" 2	" 26.514	" 16.000
" 3	" 20.595	" 17.288
" 4	" 34.000	" 28.013
" 5	" 26.615	" 23.565
" 6	" 29.860	" 25.848
" 7	" 21.627	" 35.260

Total semaine Ard 180.391 Ard. 159.790

Total précédent à partir du 1er sept. " 1.773.312 " 1.486.416

Total à ce jour Ard. 1.953.703 Ard. 1.646.206

Cloture de la Bourse Khediviale

CONTRATS

Cours de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises

Coton F.G.F.Br. 6h. p.m.

Novembre 1907 ... Tal. 18 1/16 à 5/32

Janvier ... " 20 3/16 " 7/32

Mars ... " 20 25/32 " 13/16

Mai ... " 21 11/32 " 3/8

Juillet ... " 21 25/32 " 13/16

GRAINES DE COTON

Decembre-Janvier P.T. 67 25/40 à —

Février-Mars ... " 68 30/40 " 69 —

Avril ... " 70 — " —

Fèves Saïdi

Decembre-Janvier P.T. 125 — à 130 —

REMARQUES

Coton.—Récolte actuelle.—La séance de l'après-midi a été agitée mais au fond les cours restent fermes et les affaires modérées.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour mars tal. 20 25/32 à —; plus bas pour mars 20 9/16 à —.

Dans l'après-midi prix plus haut pour mars 20 7/8 à —; plus bas pour mars 20 21/32 à —.

N.B.—Reposés.—Sans changement

Au moment de la clôture, les nouvelles étaient les suivantes:

Liverpool: coton égyptien disp.: 10 2/16. Futurs janvier: 10 4/64.

Futurs mai-juin: 5 5/8.

New-York: coton américain: Futurs jan.: 9.59

mai: 9.87

GRAINES DE COTON.—Récolte actuelle.—Marché absolument nul mais cours soutenus.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour fèves-mars P.T. 68 30/40 à —; plus bas pour fèves-mars 68 30/40 à —.

Dans l'après-midi, prix plus haut pour fèves-mars 68 35/40 à —; plus bas pour fèves-mars 68 34/40 à —.

N.B.—Reposés.—Sans changement

Bourse Khediviale, le 13 décembre 1906.

COTONS

copie de la dépêche

DE L'ASSOCIATION DES COURTIER EN MARCHANDISES

LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION

(Cours pratiqués hier soir à 5h. p.m. à la Bourse Khediviale.)

Tal. 20 1/16 à — Mars

" 21 3/8 " Mai

" 21 13/16 " Juillet

Marché steady

(Cours clôturé d'hier soir à 6h. p.m. affichés par l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises à la Bourse Khediviale.)

Tal. 20 3/16 Livraison Janvier

" 20 25/32 " Mars

" 21 11/32 " Mai

" 21 25/32 " Juillet

Marché ferme

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khediviale à 5h.45 a.m.)

Tal. 20 1/2 Livraison Janvier

" 21 1/8 " Mars

" 21 11/16 " Mai

" 22 1/8 " Juillet

Marché ferme

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khéd. à 12h.45 p.m.)

Tal. 20 3/16 Livraison Janvier

" 21 5/16 " Mars

" 22 1/8 " Mai

" 22 11/32 " Juillet

Marché ferme

MARCHÉ DE MINET-EL-BASSAL

14 décembre 1906. (11h.55 a.m.)

Cotons.—Clôture du marché du 13 déc.: Hausse

REURRES

Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et

Good: 1/4 de hausse

HAUTE-EGYPT ET FATOUH

Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et

Good: 1/4 de hausse

ABASSI

Fully Good Fair, Good et Extra: 1/4 de hausse

JOHNOVICH

Fully Good Fair, Good et Extra: 1/4 de hausse

Etat du marché de ce jour, et: En hausse

Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par ca. 69935

contre même jour l'année précédente can. 48002.

Graines de coton.—Sans changement

Disponible

Mit-Aff-65

Haute-Egypte.—64

Bérah.—Fermes

Qualité Saïdi.—Cond. Saha P.T. 105 à 125

Bérah: " " " 110 " 125

Fèves.—Fermes

Saïdi: Disponible.—

Payoum: Disponible.—

Qualité Saïdi.—Cond. Saha P.T. 130 à 135

Bérah: " " " " " "

Levante.—Soutenues

Disponible: Rien

Cond. Saha P.T. 130 à 135

Oryes.—Sans changement

Cond. Saha P.T. 65 à 68

Maïs.—Calmes

Disponible: Rien

Cond. Saha P.T. 80 à 85

Les prix suivants ont été pratiqués ce jour:

COTON

O.M.R.

(BASSE-EGYPT)

Province Bérah

Damanhour ... " De P.T. 300 à 345

Kafr-Zayat ... " De P.T. 370 à 400

Tantah ... " " " "

(MOYENNE-EGYPT)

Province Fayoum

Fayoum ... " De P.T. 310 à 320

SECTION DES GRAINES ET CEREALES

PAIX FRANCO-EGYPTIEN: DISPONIBLE TICKET

Graines de coton Aff. ... P.T. 65 — à P.T.

Haute-Egypte ... 64 — " "

Blé Saïdi ... " " " "

Fèves Saïdi ... " " " "

Fayoum ... " " " "

ARRIVAGES

du vendredi 14 décembre 1906

Documents de l'"Alex

PICTURE POST CARDS.

"The Egyptian Gazette" Series
is the most artistic collection to be found
in Egypt.

TO OUR VISITORS.

The *Egyptian Gazette* has much pleasure in presenting to its subscribers the accompanying description of some of the many interesting routes by which they may travel homewards. Great care has been taken to arrange them as accurately and concisely as possible, and it will be found that none of them are fraught with difficulty. In choosing the route home there are several things to be considered. To begin with there is the difference in climate between Egypt and the various points at which you may arrive in Europe.

This depends partly upon the month in which you leave Egypt, for Cairo in January may be a little warmer than the Riviera, and possibly not so warm as Sicily, but in March it will be warmer than Rome, and more uniformly warm than many other places in Europe. Many people leave Egypt far too early in the year, for as a rule the weather in April and May is perfect. The warmest place to go to on leaving Egypt is Sicily.

Some will want to take into consideration the number of days to be spent at sea, and we therefore subjoin a list showing the time occupied on each of the various routes between Egypt and the Continent of Europe.

They are as follows:—

The long sea routes—from Port Said or Alexandria to Plymouth, Southampton, London or Liverpool—occupy about 14 days. The short ones are as follows:—

Port Said or Alexandria to Brindisi	3 days
Alexandria to Messina	3 "
Port Said or Alexandria to Marseilles	5 "
Alexandria to Venice and Trieste	3 1/2 "
Alexandria to Naples	3 "
Port Said to Genoa	5 "
Port Said to Naples	4 "
Alexandria to Constantinople	4 "
Alexandria to Piræus	2 "
Port Said to Gibraltar	7 "

The steamers of the P. & O., North German Lloyd, Orient, and Messageries Maritimes are the largest. The Anchor, British India, and Bibby Lines are also excellent, and their steamers are largely patronised by travellers to Egypt.

As regards the train journeys from Cairo, the shortest is that to Alexandria, without change (3 hours). That to Port Said can now be made without change in 4 1/2 hours.

The least expensive way to England is by the Moss, Papayanni, Prince, and Westcott lines of steamers from Alexandria to Liverpool. The German Levant line has also good steamers from Alexandria to Hamburg.

The quickest through Continental routes are by P. & O. Brindisi express from Port Said, and the Austrian Lloyd Trieste-Vienna express from Alexandria.

As regards heavy luggage, it must be borne in mind that very little luggage is allowed free on the railways of Europe, but there are several good and responsible forwarding agents in Egypt who undertake at a fixed charge to deliver packages to any address in Europe.

The quickest manner of getting to Europe from Port Said is undoubtedly by the fast Mail Steamers "Osiris" and "Isis" to Brindisi. One of these leaves Port Said every week, as soon as possible after receiving the Indian

mails from the great liner arrived from Bombay.

These small but comfortable ships have enormously powerful engines, and attain a very high rate of speed. They are called the "Perry boats," having been specially built to carry the British mail from Port Said to Brindisi. If you are going straight through to England you will find the train waiting at Brindisi which will take you to Calais without changing. It has complete arrangements for sleeping and eating on board, and you should arrive in London on the fifth day from leaving Port Said.

Vade Mecum for the Homeward Bound.

PICTURE POST CARDS.

"The Egyptian Gazette" Series
is the most artistic collection to be found
in Egypt.

HOTELS EN ROUTE.

SYRACUSE.

GRAND HOTEL

PIAZZA MAZZINI, SYRACUSE (SICILY).
First Hotel in the Town.

SYRACUSE (SICILY.)

HOTEL DES ETRANGERS.

"CASA POLITI."
First Class, Electric Light, Lift, Central Heating.
PRIVATE BATHS. ALL COMFORTS.
Proprietor: ENGELKE-ZUNKE.

TAORMINA.

HOTEL METROPOLE.

First-Class House. Beautiful Position. German Management.
Same Proprietor Hotel Grande Bretagne, Catania.

PALERMO.

Villa Igica

Grand Hotel.

U. CALANTI, Manager.

SORRENTO.

HOTEL TRAMONTANO

Hotels Tramontano & Tasso, & Hotel-Pension Syrena. These excellent Hotels, which are situated in the best part of what is worthily named the "Beau Site of Italy," are the annual resort of the most distinguished English and American families. The principal centre for excursions. Electric light throughout. Tennis. English church.
Mr. G. TRAMONTANO, Proprietor & Manager.

NAPLES.

GRAND HOTEL.

Unrivalled position. First Class.
Private Bathrooms. Steam Heating throughout.
Newest Sanitary arrangements.
HAUSER & DORFFNER, Props.

The Hotel Baglioni.

FIRST CLASS.

EVERY MODERN COMFORT.

Branch House: HOTEL D'ITALIE, BOLOGNA.

Hotel PAOLI, FLORENCE.

FULL SOUTH.

LUNGARNO DELLA ZECGA.

Beautiful view of the surrounding hills.

First class Hotel with Every Modern Comfort.

HOTEL

Florence Washington.

LUNGARNO.

First Class Family House. All Modern Comforts.

Entirely Renovated.

G. GOBBO, Proprietor.

PISA GRAND HOTEL

AND

HOTEL DE LONDRES.

The only Hotel with Central Heating.

RAPALLO.

GRAND HOTEL VERDI.

FIRST CLASS. ALL MODERN COMFORTS.

LAWN TENNIS.

P. G. SAMPIETRO.

SICILY.

The direct route to Sicily is by the Florio-Rubattino Co.'s steamers, which leave Alexandria weekly for MESSINA, where one takes train to TAORMINA, one of the most charming and popular places on the island. Giardini is the station at which to alight, and the drive up to Taormina is most delightful, occupying about one hour. In and around the town is much to interest the visitor. The theatre is of Greek origin, but restored under the Romans. CATANIA is the starting place for the ascent of Etna, and here also is a fine Cathedral. The Greek, Roman, and Saracenic remains that are found all over the island, are an endless source of pleasure. SYRACUSE has an interesting history, having been a Greek city, which was designed by Demosthenes in B.C. 413, and taken by the Romans in A.D. 212, when Archimedes was slain—his tomb is to be seen. The cathedral was once an ancient pagan temple. PALERMO, with about 300,000 inhabitants, is the capital of the island, and enjoys a delightful climate. Much of interest is to be found in this fine city. The Palazzo Reale is of Saracenic origin and close to it the church of S. Giovanni degli Erimiti with its picturesque cloisters. The Cathedral, Museum, Botanic Gardens, Villa Giulia and Royal Park are also worth a visit.

CENTRAL ITALY.

The fine steamers of the North German Lloyd leave Alexandria every Wednesday during the season for Naples, the voyage being only 3 days.

NAPLES is also reached in 10 hours from Palermo by the Florio-Rubattino Co.'s steamers, which leave daily. One cannot approach Naples or leave it without wishing to explore some of its islands, besides the lovely places on its bay—Castellamare and Sorrento. The small steamer that takes you to Sorrento [you can drive too] will take you on to Capri.

From Naples to ROME is a train journey of but five hours. All who can will devote at least one week to visiting the many historical and interesting portions of the Eternal City, whose charms and beauties are too well-known to need comment here.

Leaving the Eternal City with much regret, a railway journey of five hours brings you to FLORENCE, where another week can well be spent admiring the City of Flowers and its surrounding country. In Florence itself the churches and galleries are of absorbing interest, whilst the local promenades and excursions should not be omitted. The Cascine is the most attractive and fashionable promenade in Florence, whilst the Viale dei Colli, one of the finest walks in Europe, opened 35 years ago, goes winding up through the hills a distance of four miles. The most delightful excursion outside Florence is that to Vallombrosa, with its Monastery 3,300 feet above the sea level. This is made first by ordinary train from Florence to St. Elia, thence by cog-wheel railway to Saltino. The ascent through groves of oaks takes an hour, and most striking panoramas are unfolded to view.

PISA is easily reached from Florence in about 2 hours; here there is a fine Cathedral and the Leaning Tower. A stay of at least one night should if possible be made in order to enjoy the view from the Campanile at sunset.

VIA REGGIO. One of the most delightful places on the Italian Riviera near Pisa and on the main line from Rome to Genoa. It is a very convenient half-way house between Egypt and England, and where living is reasonable and the air and surroundings exceptionally good.

NORTHERN ITALY.

GENOA (La Superba).—The most picturesque and interesting city in Italy, with the record of having one of the lowest death averages of European cities and a phenomenally equable temperature—warm in winter and deliciously cool breezes from the surrounding mountains and the Mediterranean in summer.

The patriarchal home of Italy's most ancient nobility, whose palaces, gardens, and famous collections of statuary, frescoes and paintings, are a constant delight to thousands of travellers who annually sojourn in Genoa. Then there are the superbly decorated medieval churches containing exquisite marble columns and historical paintings, and the incomparable Campo Santa filled with its wonderful tombs.

From Genoa to Milan is a matter of only three hours by rail.

MILAN is a good centre for Northern Italy before making the tour of the Lakes. The Cathedral is the principal attraction, with its beautiful windows illustrating the History of the Bible. The public gardens and the monumental cemetery are also worth a visit.

Between Bologna and Milan and only an hour and a half from Milan is SALSOMAGGIORE, a renowned health resort on account of its thermal springs, change trains at Borgo San Donnino and in half-an-hour you are at Salsomaggiore.

HOTELS EN ROUTE.

SYRACUSE.

GRAND HOTEL VILLA POLITI.

NEWLY ENLARGED and thoroughly refurbished. Electric Light throughout. Central Heating in every room. Beautiful Gardens.
Concerts daily. New Proprietor, GEORGE KOCKEL also of the Hotel Grande Bretagne, Catania and Taormina.

TAORMINA.

SAN DOMENICO

PALACE HOTEL.

FIRST CLASS. EVERY COMFORT.

PALERMO.

HOTEL DE FRANCE.

First Class. Only Hotel in Palermo with Central Heating Apparatus throughout. Electric Light. Lift. Winter Garden. 100 Rooms, nearly all sunny. Best and Healthiest Situation.
P. WEINER, Proprietor and Manager.

PALERMO (SICILY).

GRAND HOTEL TRINACRIA

The ONLY Hotel in Palermo facing the Sea Central Heating Electric Lift and Light

Private and Public Bathrooms.

NAPLES.

SANTA LUCIA HOTEL.

FIRST CLASS.

Every Modern Comfort.

Central Heating. Private Baths. Etc.

NAPLES.

HOTEL DU VESUVE.

FIRST CLASS. LATEST COMFORTS.

NAPLES.

LE SAVOY, NAPLES.

First Class. All Comforts.

Restaurant. Winter Garden.

TELEPHONE. AUTO GARAGE.

Telegraphic Address: ROSANICHO, Naples.

HOTEL DE LA VILLE, FLORENCE.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

STEAMHEATING.

Electric Light Throughout.

LIFT.

Winter Garden.

CONCERT, AMERICAN BAR.

GRAND HOTEL ROYAL

GRANDE BRETAGNE.

LUNGARNO, ACCIAIOI.

FIRST CLASS. OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

CHIOSTRI, Prop.

THE MODERN HOTEL

LUNGARNO, FLORENCE.

APARTMENTS WITH PRIVATE BATHS.

Hot and cold running water in every room. Central Heating

AUTO-GARAGE. MODERATE TERMS.

DELLA CASA & SONS, Prop.

PEGLI.

HOTEL MEDITERRANEE.

FIRST CLASS.

MILAN.

HOTEL CONTINENTAL.

FIRST CLASS.

FULL SOUTH.

CENTRAL.

ALASSIO.

GRAND HOTEL

MEDITERRANEE.

First Class. On the Sea Shore.

SEA BATHING.

SALSOMAGGIORE

1 1/2 hours from MILAN - ITALY - 6 hours from FLORENCE.

GRAND HOTEL DE THERMES.

FIRST CLASS. EVERY MODERN COMFORT.

HOTELS EN ROUTE.

VENICE.

Grand Hotel.

First Class.

EVERY MODERN COMFORT.

Large Terrace on the Grand Canal.

ROYAL HOTEL

DANIELI.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Situated in the Finest and Healthiest part of the Town.

Railway Ticket Office in the Hotel.

All Modern Comforts.

HOTEL BRITANNIA.

First Class Hotel in the best position with garden on the Grand Canal.

HOTEL MILAN-BRISTOL.

In the same position but more moderate.

CHARLES WALTER Prop.

Same Management HOTEL DE LA VILLE at Genoa.

ROME.

Hotel Continental.

OPPOSITE THE STATION.

FIRST CLASS.

NORTHERN ITALY (Continued).

The ITALIAN LAKES.

VENICE is a 5 hours' journey by rail from Milan, and one of the most delightful places imaginable to pass a quiet stay. The total absence of vehicular traffic strikes one as very strange; no horse, cart, carriage or bicycle is to be seen, and yet there is the sound of life at every turn. The approach the Venice from the Adriatic is unlike that of any other seaport. The town seems to be gradually, like Aphrodite, born of the sea, no hills behind, no stretches of rock, but first the tops of Campaniles appear above the horizon, then slowly the whole glittering town rises like a fairy mirage out of the calm lagoon.

Going northwards from Milan you make the tour of the beautiful Italian lakes.

COMO, the birthplace of the younger Pliny, is reached in one-and-a-quarter hours by train by way of Monza.

Boats leave Como frequently for the other towns on the lake, which is very beautiful, and the scenery on either side going up the lake is most enchanting. CERNOBBIO is a charming spot; then come Tremozo, Cadenabbia, and Menaggio with the prettily-situated town of Bellagio opposite. The walk from Tremozo along the shore of the lake to Menaggio is most enjoyable. A steam tram runs from Menaggio to Porlezza on Lake Lugano in three-quarters of an hour, then steamer to Lugano in two-and-three-quarters hours.

SWITZERLAND.

Switzerland, the heart of Europe, has been described as "A cluster of delights and grandeur."

LUGANO is some 20 miles from Como, and reached by train in one-and-a-half hours. It has a population of 10,000 people and is charmingly situated on the Lake of Lugano, amidst lovely Italian scenery. Around it rise M. San Salvatore, M. de Caprino and M. Generoso.

LOCARNO may be reached by rail from Bellinzona in forty minutes. This pretty town, situated at the top of Lake Maggiore, has a mild climate, and is an excellent winter resort. The church Madonna del Sasso, situated above the town, is worth a visit, as it contains interesting paintings, "Entombment," by Bramante.

LUCERNE.—A striking picture on the Lake of Lucerne facing the Rigi and Pilatus and the snow-capped Alps.

In and around the town the walks are charming, and the excursions to be made from Lucerne by boat, rail, etc., are very numerous.

The Lake of Lucerne abounds in delightful excursions, those to the Rigi, Pilatus, Bungenstock and Sonnenberg needing a special visit each. Other excursions on the lake can be made by steamer, and the ever-changing scenery on the trip from Lucerne to Fluelen is a source of delight to the lover of nature.

BRUNNEN, charmingly situated on the most beautiful part of the Lake of Lucerne, commands magnificent views of lake and mountain scenery. Along the Lake of Uri from Brunnen to Fluelen runs the famous Axenstrasse.

THUN (on the Lake of Thun) half an hour from Berne and one hour from Interlaken. Quiet and quaint; sheltered from winds; just the place to rest and recuperate. Beautiful walks, through woods, and along the lake shore. Kursaal, Concerts, Casino, Races, Tennis, Boating, etc.

THE BERNESE OBERLAND.—INTER-LAKEN, a favourite summer resort, and the best centre for making excursions in the Oberland, abounding in fine walks and views. There is a magnificent view of the Jungfrau from the Hoheweg, a fine avenue of walnut trees, the chief resort of visitors. Interlaken is also not far from the famous waterfalls, Giessbach, Trummelbach and Staubbach. Then also the glaciers of Grindelwald and view from Murren and the Schynige Platte are sights not to be missed.

CHATEAU D'OEX, 3,500 ft. above the sea on the new Electric Railway between Montreux and Interlaken, surrounded by magnificent scenery, with pure dry air. Much frequented by English people in Summer and Winter.

Many people visit Greece after wintering in Egypt, as it is so easily reached from Alexandria; the climate in April is charming. The best steamers are those of the Khedivial Mail Co. and Russian Steam Navigation Co.

If possible tourists should arrange to be in Athens for the Orthodox Easter in order to witness the Good Friday and Easter Eve ceremonies, and to be present at the dancing on the Easter Tuesday festival held at Megara, for which a special train is run from Athens.

It is worth while to spend a few days in CORFU on account of the beauty of the scenery. There is also good snipe and quail shooting to be had.

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BOURSE DU CAIRE

Le Caire, le 13 Décembre 1906.

Banques	Actions	Jeudis
Agricultural Bank of Egypt	9 1/4	940
Banque d'Algerie	136 1/2	
National Bank of Egypt	20 1/4	
Cassa di Roma	203	
Nov. Emla	263	
Land Bank	8 1/4	78
Comptoir Financ. & Comm.	7 1/4	51-62
Banque d'Alyria	5 1/4	
Banque d'Orient	132	

Chemins de Fer	Actions	Jeudis
Alex. & Ramleh Railway	5 1/4	
Del. Light Railway	12 1/4	
Lots Turcs obligations	153	

Societes des Eaux	Actions	Jeudis
Alexandria Water Company	14	271
Eaux du Caire part capital	122	
Eaux de Tanta	8	

Societes Foncières	Actions	Jeudis
Daira Sanieh Nouvelle	17 1/4	100
Credit Foncier Egyptien	78	960
Credit Fon. ob. 5 1/2 %	338	
Cr. Foncier ob. 5 1/2 %	272	
Cr. Foncier ob. 5 1/2 %	500	1185
Soc. Agricole & Ind. 5 1/2 %	515	
Societe Agricole & Ind. 5 1/2 %	560	1100
Caisse Hyp. d'Egypte	560	
Societe Anonyme du Delta	41 1/4	
Soc. An. du Delta oblig. L.E. 5 1/2 %	31	
Societe Fonciere d'Egypte	31	
Delta Land Company	4 1/4	
Wardan Estate	8 1/4	9 1/4
Nile Land	17 1/4	80 1/2
Egyptian Estates Limited	2 1/4	18 1/2
Union Fonciere	5 1/4	
Anglo-Eg. Land Allotment	10 1/4	157
Glanchin Land	10 1/4	2 1/4

Societes Immobilières	Actions	Jeudis
Cie. Immobiliere d'Egypte	380	715
Agricole du Nil	270	8 1/4
Improvements Corporation	6 1/4	22 1/2
Entrepreneur Developpement L.E.	13 1/4	22 1/2
Urbanistes et Bureaux	7 1/4	22
Societe Fonciere d'Egypte	31	105
Entreprises Int. et Travaux	10 1/4	P.T. 105
Egypte Immobiliere Ltd	5	P.T. 105

Societes Industrielles	Actions	Jeudis
Anglo-Eg. Spinning	0 1/4	2 1/4
Crown Brewery d'Alex.	204	120
Crown Brewery du Caire	133 1/4	74
Egyptian Cotton Mills	7 1/4	
Egyptian Salt & Soda	23 1/2	
Soc. des Ciments d'Egypte	71 1/2	17
Securities & Bankers	78	
Thamesbank Ploughing Co.	15 1/2	
Port Said Salt Association	15 1/2	
Nile Cold Storage	0 1/4	
Egyptian Markets	29 1/2	

Navigation a Vapeur	Actions	Jeudis
Anglo-American Nile	5 1/4	37 1/2
Khedivial Mail S.S.	4 1/4	P.T. 97
Menzah Canal & Nav. Co.	10 1/4	P.T. 97
Express Nile Steamers Co.	5 1/4	P.T. 97

Hôtels	Actions	Jeudis
Nungorich Hotels	21 1/4	
Egyptian Hotels	9 1/4	
National Hotels	4 1/4	P.T. 72
Upper Egypt Hotels	5 1/4	
Splendid Hotels	4 1/4	
Excelsior Hotels	4 1/4	1 1/4

Tramways	Actions	Jeudis
Tramways d'Alexandrie	210	366
Tramways du Caire	600	1125

Valeurs diverses	Actions	Jeudis
Bourse Khediviale du Caire	150	
Egyptian Investment	1 1/4	
Societe Egypt. d'Irrigation	10 1/4	
Corporation of W. Egypt	1 1/4	
New Egyptian Company	32 1/2	
Land & General Trust	1 1/4	
Egypt. Trust & Investment	1 1/4	
Soc. Frigorifique d'Egypte	10 1/4	
Walker & Meimarschi	0 1/4	
Automobiles du Caire	5 1/4	
Egyptian Constructors	1 1/4	

NOLIS	Actions	Jeudis
Célestes	2 1/4	1
Tourneaux	6 1/4	
Graines de coton	7 1/4	
Oignons	1 1/4	

PORTS DIRECTS	Actions	Jeudis
Célestes	9 1/4	10 1/2
Tourneaux	2 1/4	2 1/2

LIVERPOOL	Actions	Jeudis
Coton	11 1/4	1
Célestes	10 1/4	
Tourneaux	11 1/4	
Graines de coton	11 1/4	
Oignons	11 1/4	

CONTINENT (HAMBURG-DUNKERQUE)	Actions	Jeudis
Graines de coton (Dunkerque)	12 1/4	
(Nantes)	12 1/4	
Yèves	10 1/4	
Oignons	10 1/4	

MARSEILLE	Actions	Jeudis
Yèves	7 1/4	8
raïnes de coton	7 1/4	8

DESTINATIONS DIVERSES	Actions	Jeudis
Coton (Odessa, Trieste, Venise)	2 1/4	
Le Havre	2 1/4	
Dunkersque	2 1/4	
Anvers	2 1/4	
Hambourg	20 1/2	22 1/2
St. Petersburg	25	
New York	25	
Bombay	25	

To-day's Exchange Quotations	Actions	Jeudis
London cheque	97	97 1/4
2m. bank paper	95 1/2	95 1/4
2m. house paper	95 1/2	95 1/4
Paris cheque	364	365
2m. bank paper	361	362
2m. house paper	360 1/4	361 1/4
Switzerland cheque	363 1/4	364 1/4
2m. bank paper	371 1/4	
Germany cheque	478	474 1/4
2m. bank paper	478	
Italian cheque	364	365

GO TO LIVADAS.	Actions	Jeudis
Opposite SHEPHERD'S		
or Books, Stationery, Newspapers, and		
"Egyptian Gazette" Picture Post Cards		

CHARLES EVANS.	Actions	Jeudis
Passenger, Shipping,		
Custom House and Forwarding Agent		
Royal Chambers, PORT SAID.		

GO TO LIVADAS.	Actions	Jeudis
Opposite SHEPHERD'S		
or Books, Stationery, Newspapers, and		
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RESUME DE LA SITUATION COTONNIERE

au 7 décembre

AMERIQUE	1906	1905
Receites aux ports Semaine...	440,000	222,000
Receites du 1er Septembre...	4,720,000	4,537,000
Export. Angleterre Semaine...	120,000	164,000
Export. Angleterre du 1er Sept.	1,425,000	1,280,000
Export. Continent Semaine...	160,000	117,000
Export. Continent du 1er Sept.	1,784,000	1,520,000
Pris par la filature (Etat-Unis)	1,620,000	1,526,000
Stock ports...	1,220,000	1,254,000
Insights semaine...	592,000	423,000
Insights du 1er Septembre...	6,332,000	5,920,000
Con. Mondiale Amer. Semaine...	396,000	316,000
Con. Mon. Amer. du 1er Sept.	3,560,000	3,687,000
Visible supply americain...	5,556,000	5,827,000
Visible supply general...	4,180,000	4,283,000

LIVERPOOL	1906	1905
Ventes Semaine...	64,000	46,000
Forwarded...	115,000	88,000
Importation...	140,000	128,000
Stock...	8,000	8,000
Flottant...	520,000	807,000
Flottant...	423,000	348,000

AMSTERDAM	1906	1905
Ventes Semaine...	14,000	16,000
Forwarded...	15,000	26,900
Exportation...	1,800	2,000
Stock...	50,000	53,000
Flottant...	53,000	24,000

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